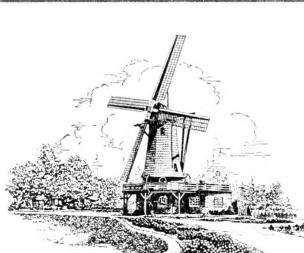
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SPRING 1948

BULK'S NURSERIES, INC.
BABYLON, LONG ISLAND, N. Y.

Telephone: Babylon 444



Visitors always welcome. Nursery open Sundays from 9:30 A.M. during planting season

BULK'S NURSERIES, Inc.

JAC BULK, President DAVID R. BULK, Secy.

Montauk Highway (Route 27A) Babylon, N. Y.

C. W. WINTERBOTTOM Landscape Dept.

C. (CASE) VAN ABSHOVEN
Nursery Supt.

TELEPHONE: BABYLON 444

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To facilitate selling and make it convenient for home owners to select and take along plants when visiting our nurseries, we maintain a Sales Department where choice freshly dug plants are available and on display.

We have an excellent stock of bearing-age Fruit Trees, Berry Bushes, Grapes, Rhubarb, etc.

Flower and Vegetable Seeds, Lawn Seed, Fertilizers, Insecticides and Garden Sundries are stocked for your convenience.

LANDSCAPE SERVICE

Artistic and satisfactory landscape effects are the result of careful planning and the proper use of the right material.

Why not consult us about your landscape problems? Suggestions and advice will be gladly given.

GUARANTEE

(In conformity with uniform guarantee as adapted by National Landscape Nurserymen's Association.)

Provided account is paid within 30 days, and plants have received reasonable care and protection, we will replace at one-half original cost all woody plants furnished and planted by us which fail to survive one growing season. Guarantee does not apply in cases of loss due to drought, severe winter, storms, insect injury, or factors beyond our control.

If plants to be replaced are out of stock, credit will be applied to other plants.

PLANTING

The cost of planting, if we do it, is borne by the purchaser. Our charge merely covers the cost of labor, fertilizers, etc.

DELIVERY

On large orders, where they can be combined, we intend to give free delivery within a radius of 30 miles from our nursery. On smaller orders a nominal charge for delivery will be made unless otherwise arranged at time of sale.



Ornamental and Shade Trees

IN ADDITION to the trees which are valued for their shade, there are flowering trees which, at different times during the spring and summer, shower the lawn with their bloom. Do not forget that while shade trees add materially to the property value and landscape charm of your home, the initial cost is very small as compared with the enjoyment that you receive. The average shade tree is a long investment and returns your money manifold throughout the years of its usefulness.

The abbreviation "cal." means the caliper or diameter of the tree 6 inches above the ground.

ALL PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Trees where B&B is indicated are dug with ball of earth and burlapped, otherwise trees are dug bare root. Balling charges for varieties not marked B&B are listed as follows:

Each	Each
4 to 5 ft\$1 50	$0 \mid 3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2}\text{-in. cal.} \dots \$10 50$
5 to 6 ft 2 50	$0 \mid 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 4\text{-in. cal.} \dots 14 50$
6 to 8 ft 3 00	
8 to 10 ft 3 75	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2-in. cal 4 50	
	5 6 to 7-in. cal 35 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3-in, cal 8 00	

ACER . The Maples

Acer dasycarpum wieri. Wier's Cut-leaf Map drooping, cut-leaved form of Maple. Very of	le. A graceful, rnamental as a
lawn tree.	Each
12 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3-in. cal	\$13 00
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4-in. cal	
16 to 20 ft., 4 to 5-in. cal	
16 to 20 ft., 5 to 6-in. cal	40 00

Acer ginnala. Amur Maple. A graceful shrub, or small tree, up to 20 feet. The foliage is bright green and the autumn coloring is very brilliant. The flowers are fragrant.
Each 6 to 8 ft \$5 00 10 to 12 ft \$10 00 8 to 10 ft 7 50 12 to 14 ft 13 00
A. platanoides. Norway Maple. A splendid variety for street and lawn planting because of its large, rounding, spreading head and broad, dark green foliage. Very hardy. One of the best street trees. 10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 1¾-in. cal. 10 to 12 ft., 1¾ to 2 -in. cal. 10 to 12 ft., 1¾ to 2 -in. cal. 10 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal. 10 50 12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal. 14 00 14 to 16 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal. 19 00 16 to 18 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal. 27 00 16 to 18 ft., 4 to 4½-in. cal. 27 00 16 to 20 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal. 16 to 20 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal. 28 BB 29 to 26 ft., 7 to 8 -in. cal., B&B 20 to 26 ft., 8 to 9 -in. cal., B&B 20 to 26 ft., 9 to 10 -in. cal., B&B 180 00
A. platanoides schwedleri. Schwedler Maple. A variety of Norway Maple which has red leaves in early summer,
changing to a purplish tint
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2-in. cal
A. rubrum. Red Maple. Dense foliage and beautiful fall coloring make this a popular variety. Succeeds in wet
situations where no other Maple will live. Each
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 -in. cal
16 to 18 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal
18 to 20 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal., B&B
A. saccharum. Sugar Maple. A very attractive tree of upright form. Grows taller than the Norway Maple and has colorful autumn foliage. 12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal. 12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal. 17 50 14 to 16 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal. 23 00
JAPANESE MAPLES
All Japanese Maples B&B Acer palmatum dissectum. Thread-leaf Maple. A graceful
slow-growing tree with lacy and attractive green foliage.
A. palmatum dissectum atropurpureum. Red Thread- leaf Maple. A red-leaved form of the above.
Prices of above two varieties: Each Each $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft \$7 00 3 to 4 ft \$18 00 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 8 50 5 to 6 ft 40 00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 12 50 6 to 7 ft 50 00
A. palmatum atropurpureum. Blood-leaf Japanese Maple. Blood-red leaves in the spring, which later change to dark purple. Most effective when planted with evergreens; also very showy as a lawn specimen. Each Each
1½ to 2 ft. \$6 50 3 to 4 ft. \$13 00 2 to 2½ ft. 8 50 4 to 5 ft. 17 00 2½ to 3 ft. 10 00 5 to 6 ft. 22 00
BETULA. The Birches
Betula alba. European White Birch. A tall, graceful tree of moderately quick growth, with spray-like branches and silvery bark. It makes a valuable specimen tree for the lawn and is excellent for group planting. Each Section 10 ft 11/to 2 in and BaR
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 2 -in. cal., B&B. \$12 00 10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal., B&B. 16 00 10 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal., B&B. 21 00 12 to 14 ft., 3 to 4 -in. cal., B&B. 28 00 14 to 16 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal., B&B. 40 00

CORNUS · The Dogwoods

All Cornus B&B

Cornus florida.	White-flowering	Dogwood. Of	regular habit,
	, open top. Sho		
	efore the leaves	appear and	in autumn the
green leaves tu	rn dark red.		

_	Each			ch
3 to	4 ft\$4 50	10 to 12 ft	\$27	00
4 to	5 ft 6 00	12 to 14 ft	. 38	00
	6 ft 7 50			
6 to	8 ft	16 to 18 ft	. 62	00
8 to	10 ft			

C. florida rubra. Pink-flowering Dogwood. One of the finest flowering trees, of similar habit to the white Dogwood, except that the blossoms are of a lovely pink shade. While it is beautiful blooming by itself, it is especially lovely when planted among trees of the white variety.

		Each			Eac	ch
*3 to 4	ft	\$6 00	7 to	8 ft	 . \$20	00
*4 to 5	ft	7 50	8 to	9 ft	 . 24	00
*5 to 6	ft	10 00	9 to	10 ft	 . 30	00
*6 to 7	ft	14 00				

- C. florida plena. Double-flowering Dogwood. Blooms about 10 days later than C. florida and thus prolongs the Dogwood bloom.

 8 to 10 ft... \$20 00 | 12 to 14 ft... \$40 00 10 to 12 ft... 28 00 |
- C. kousa. Kousa Dogwood. This tree greatly prolongs the "Dogwood season" as it blooms later than the native Dogwood. Attractive white flowers are followed by large red fruit.

 Each
 6 to 8 ft. \$12 00 | 10 to 12 ft. \$22 00 8 to 10 ft. 15 00 |

CRATÆGUS · The Hawthorns

All Hawthorns B&B

Cratægus cordata. Washington Hawthorn. A very desirable small tree of compact growth. Will thrive in any soil. Bears white flowers in June followed by rich scarlet berries in the fall.

C. oxyacantha splendens. Paul's Scarlet Hawtborn. A mass of double, rich, deep crimson flowers. Luxuriant foliage. Excellent specimen tree.

age. Executive specimen tree	
Prices of above two varieties: Each	Each
4 to 5 ft\$6 50	10 to 12 ft\$24 00
5 to 6 ft 9 50	12 to 14 ft
6 to 8 ft	14 to 16 ft 45 00
8 to 10 ft	

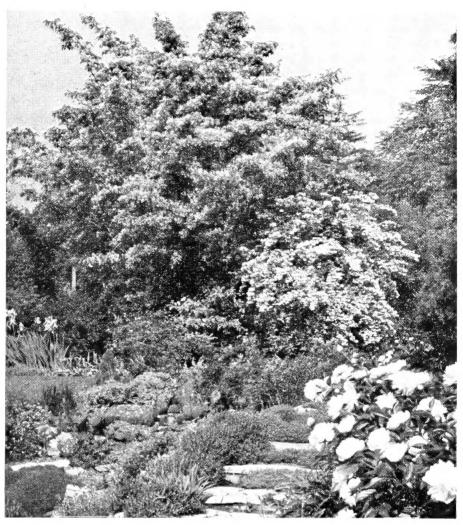
FAGUS · The Beeches

Fagus sylvatica. A handsome tree of bushy habit	with gray
bark and good clean foliage.	Each
10 to 12 ft., 3 to 4-in. cal., heavy	\$45 00
10 to 12 ft., 4 to 5-in. cal., heavy	60 00
12 to 14 ft., 5 to 6-in. cal., heavy	
F. sylvatica riversi. Rivers Beech. A medium-siz	
pyramidal form, with bright purple foliage.	Compact,
symmetrical growth and a valuable lawn specime	en. Each

GINKGO

All Ginkgo B&B

Ginkgo biloba.				
of upright grov	vth with fan-	shaped lea	aves. Resists	
10 to 12 ft 3 t	to 4-in_cal			Each \$35 00



Jap Flowering Cherry (See page 7)

HALESIA

Halesia tetraptera.	Great Silverbell. A most attrac	tive bushy
	sses of white bell-like flowers.	Excellent
tree for borders.	Each	Each
6 to 8 ft	\$6.50 \ 8 to 10 ft	\$9.00

LIQUIDAMBAR . The Sweet Gum

All Sweet Gum B&B

Liquidambar	styra	ciflua.	Swe	et (Gun	ı.	A	S	yn	am	et	rica	Ily
shaped tree	with	star-sh	aped	Iea	ves	s a	nd		Бe	a u 1	if	ul	fa∐
coloring.												Ea	eh
10 to 12 ft., 2	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to	3 -in.	cal									\$27	00
12 to 14 ft.,	3 to	$3\frac{1}{2}$ -in.	cal									33	00
12 to 14 ft., 3	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to	4 -in.	cal.									44	00
14 to 16 ft., 4													
14 to 16 ft.,	$4\frac{1}{2}$ to	5 -in.	cal									65	00
14 to 16 ft	5 to	51/2-in.	cal.									75	00

MALUS · The Flowering Crabs

Malus arnoldiana. A beautiful variety with semi-double pink flowers.

M. atrosanguinea. Brilliant carmine.

M. eleyi. Eley Crab. This variety has purple foliage and bright purple flowers.

M. hoppi. Hopa Crab. Red flowers and interesting fruit. Bronzy foliage

Prices of above four varieties: E	Each Each	h
	50 8 to 10 ft., spec \$14 (90
	50 10 to 12 ft., spec 18 (
6 to 8 ft. 9		



Pin Oak. (See page 7)

MAGNOLIA · The Magnolias

All Magnolias B&B

Magnolia soulangeana. Saucer Magnolia. A sturdy tree of moderate size, covered in April with large white flowers, tinged purple on the outside, before the leaves appear. A very handsome and ornamental flowering tree.

M. soulangeana alba superba. Large Saucer Magnolia. This is a small-tree type with pure white flowers borne in great profusion.

M. soulangeana alexandrina. Alexander Magnolia. Flowers similar to Soulangeana, but appearing about 10 days later.

Prices of above three varieties: Each	Eac	
2 to 3 ft\$6 00	4 to 5 ft\$10 5	50
3 to 4 ft	5 to 6 ft	00

M. soulangeana nigra. Purple Saucer Magnolia. A variety of Soulangeana with dark purple flowers. Blooms in late May, making it the latest blooming Magnolia.

0,			
	Each		Each
2 to 3 ft	\$7 50	4 to 5 ft	 .\$14 00
3 to 4 ft	10 50		

M. stellata. Star Magnolia. This is a slow-growing variety and becomes wide-spreading in time. The pure white, starlike flowers open before the leaves, sometimes in March, and have a very delicate fragrance.

	Each	Eac	e h
2 to 3 ft	\$9 00 3 to 4 ft	\$13	50

OXYDENDRUM

All Sourwood B&B

Oxydendrum arboreum. Sourwood. An excellent native shrub or tree with loose panicles of white flowers in July. Brilliant fall foliage tints of bronze-red.

Each		Each
6 to 8 ft\$10 00	10 to 12 ft	.\$18 00
8 to 10 ft 14 00		

NYSSA . The Pepperidge

All Pepperidge B&B

Nyssa sylvatica. Sour-Gum; Pepperidge Tree.	A very fine
ornamental tree with good foliage which	has brilliant
autumnal tints. Will grow in wet places.	

Each	Each
6 to 8 ft., heavy\$12 00	12 to 14 ft., heavy\$42 00
	14 to 16 ft., heavy 52 00
10 to 12 ft., heavy 32 00	

PLATANUS

Platanus orientalis. Oriental Plane Tree; Sycamor excellent street tree with broad, round head on a paratively short trunk. A rapid grower, strong and	d co	m- m-
metrical; best planted in spring. 10 to 12 ft., 13/4 to 2 -in. cal		
12 to 14 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal	.12	50
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal. 12 to 14 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal.		
14 to 16 ft., $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 -in. cal	.31	00

PRUNUS

The Flowering Plums and Cherries

Prunus cerasifera pissardi blireana. Purple-tinted Plum. Purple-tinted foliage with apple-blossom-pink flowers in spring.

P. cerasifera pissardi, Newport. Improved Purple-leaf Plum. A handsome small tree with deeper color than the original Purple-leaf Plum. The foliage retains its rich color all season. Very showy pink flowers in spring.

0 0 1	1 0
Prices of above two varieties: Each	Each
4 to 5 ft\$4 50	8 to 10 ft\$13 00
5 to 6 ft 6 50	10 to 12 ft 17 00
6 to 8 ft 9 00	

JAPANESE FLOWERING CHERRIES

These are the famous Flowering Cherries of Japan, famous here because of the wonderful collection which attracts so many visitors to Potomac Park, Washington, D. C.

Prunus, Kwansan. Reddish pink. P., Mt. Fuji. Large, double, snow-white flowers.

P., Yoshino. Single white flowers; red buds.
Prices of above three varieties: Each Each
4 to 5 ft\$5 25 6 to 8 ft\$11 00
5 to 6 ft
P. subhirtella rosea plena pendula. Japanese Weeping
Double Pink-flowering Cherry. Brilliant display of double
pink blooms. Splendid as lawn specimen. Each
5 to 6-ft. stems, 2-yr. heads\$6 00
5 to 6-ft. stems, 4 to 5-yr. heads
5 to 6-ft. stems, 5 to 7-yr. heads\$16 to 20 00
5 to 6-ft. stems, 7 to 9-yr. heads\$21 to 25 00

QUERCUS · The Oaks

Quercus palustris.						
graceful, drooping				foliage	W	ith
sharp points, which	turns deep	red in fa	aII.		Εa	ch
10 to 12 ft 11/2 to	2-in cal			\$	8	50

10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2-in. cal	\$ 8	50
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal		
10 to 12 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 -in. cal		
12 to 14 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal., B&B		
14 to 16 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal., B&B	. 45	00
16 to 18 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal., B&B		
18 to 20 ft., 5 to 6 -in, cal., B&B		
18 to 20 ft., 6 to 7 -in. cal., B&B	95	00

Quercus rubra. American Red Oak. A handsome tree with stately aspect. Ideal for lawn or street planting. Foliage turns red in autumn. 10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 -in. cal. \$8 50 10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal. 13 00 12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal., B&B. 27 00 14 to 16 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal., B&B. 36 00 14 to 16 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal., B&B. 45 00 16 to 18 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal., B&B. 60 00 18 to 20 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal., B&B. .75 00
SALIX · The Willows
Salix babylonica. Babylon Weeping Willow. Probably the best-known Willow. It has very drooping, long, slender branches of olive-green. Will grow in any good soil, but prefers moist situations. Each 8 to 10 ft
TILIA · The Lindens
Tilia cordata. Littleleaf European Linden. Small, dark green leaves and low, compact head. A fine lawn tree. Fragrant.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
ULMUS · The Elms
Ulmus americana. American Elm. The most beautiful of the Elms, stately and dignified. Of spreading habit, with drooping branches. A fine tree for either street or lawn. 12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal. 13 to 18 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal. 14 to 18 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal. 15 to 18 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal. 16 to 18 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal. 17 to 18 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal. 18 50 to 18 to 22 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal., B&B. 18 to 22 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal., B&B. 19 to 22 to 26 ft., 6 to 7 -in. cal., B&B. 10 to 18 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal., B&B. 11 to 18 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal., B&B. 12 to 18 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal., B&B. 13 to 22 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal., B&B. 14 to 18 ft., 6 to 7 -in. cal., B&B. 15 to 18 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal., B&B. 16 to 18 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal., B&B. 17 to 10
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal. \$12 50 14 to 18 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal. 17 50 16 to 18 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal. 22 00 22 to 28 ft., 8 to 9-in. cal., B&B 150 00 22 to 28 ft., 9 to 10-in. cal., B&B 185 00



Flowering Shrubs

WHETHER planted individually or collectively, shrubs are an important feature in the adornment of any grounds. In groups they can be made to emphasize some feature of the lawn, to screen the garage, the laundry-yard, or some unsightly view. Among borders of the lawn, along walks and drives and in corners, collections of shrubs may be gathered that will give a succession of bloom from early spring until fall. In the list that follows will be found shrubs for all such purposes.

Prices for Shrubs, except where otherwise noted:

,	Each		Each	1
2 to 3 ft	. \$0 85	5 to 6 ft	\$2 0	0
3 to 4 ft	. 1 00	6 to 7 ft	2 7	5
4 to 5 ft	. 1 50	7 to 8 ft\$3.50 t	to 5 0	Ю

Except where otherwise noted, a charge will be made for digging shrubs with ball of earth (B&B) as follows:

1881118 om abb with ban or	cartir (Das) as follows.		
E	ach	Ea	ch
1 to 2 ft\$0	30 5 to 6 ft	. \$1	00
2 to 3 ft	45 6 to 7 ft\$1.25 t	to 1	75
3 to 4 ft	65 7 to 8 ft \$1.50 t	to 2	25
4 to 5 ft	75		

AZALEAS

For Evergreen Azaleas, see page 20

All Azaleas B&B

Azalea kaempferi. Torch Azalea. A handsome, tall-growing variety, with blossoms that vary from bright red to salmonpink in May. One of the showiest shrubs in cultivation.

	Each		Each
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$6 00	4 to 5 ft	\$12 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	7 50	5 to 6 ft	16 00
3 to 4 ft	9 50		

	npferi Hybrids.			
Azalea with	lovely colors, m	aking	charming	combinations.
Fedora.	Salmon-rose.			
	Each		-1.6	Each
10 4. 10 1	@A EO 1	7 4	21/14	\$7 50

Ea	ch		Eac	ch
15 to 18 in\$4 1½ to 2 ft5		2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$7	50

A. mucronulatum. Mongolian Azalea. A rare variety of Chinese Azalea with pinkish lavender flowers. Blooms with forsythia. Can be used in shrub border.

J	Each		Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2	ft\$4 50	$\frac{21}{2}$ to 3 ft	.\$7 50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$	it 6 00	3 to 4 ft	. 9 50

A. pontica. Hardy Ghent Hybrids. A choice type of deciduous Azalea, featuring brilliant colors and large flowers. Ignaea nova. Carmine-red.

nancy waterer.	renow.			
	Each			Each
12 to 15 in		$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2	ft	\$6 00

A. poukhanensis. Korean Azalea. A compact, low-growing Azalea producing in late May a profusion of fragrant orchidlavender flowers. One of the best hardy Azaleas.

	Each				Eа	ch
12 to 15 in	\$3 00	$1\frac{1}{2}$	to 2	ft	\$5	50
15 to 18 in	4 00	2	to $2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	6	75

A. viscosa. Swamp Azalea. Vigorous shrub, with an abundance of fragrant, white flowers in June. While it is partial to moist places, it will do well in the shrub border and in partial shade. Each

ARONIA

ronia arbutifolia. Red Chokeberry. A dense shrub with clusters of white flowers in May followed by red berries persisting until late fall. Brilliant foliage tints in autumn. Aronia arbutifolia.

- 6	-		0	
		Each		Each
2	to 3 ft	\$1 25	4 to 5 ft	\$2 00
3	to 4 ft	1 50	5 to 6 ft	2 75



Azalea Poukhanensis

BERBERIS · Barberry

	mentorensis.				
No. 99.	A new, outstan	ding var	iety of Barl	berry.	Upright
	th; rich dark gree				
green.	Excellent for hed	lges; requ	aires virtua	IIy no j	pruning.

		Each	10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2	ft	\$0 90	\$7 50
$2^{1/2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	1 25	9 75
	ft		
	ft		
4 to 5	ft	2 50	20 00

B. thunbergi. Japanese Barberry. The well-known hedge-plant, with rich green foliage in summer and in the autumn very brilliantly colored, with scarlet berries. Useful also for mass planting.

for mass planting.	Each	10	100
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	. \$0 50	\$4 00	\$36 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft			
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	. 90	7 25	62 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	. 1 00	8 50	75 00

B. thunbergi atropurpurea. New Red-leaved Japanese Barberry. Foliage of rich, bronzy red all summer, changing to a vivid orange in the fall.

Each 10 100

$1\frac{1}{2}$	to 2	ft\$0	90	\$8 25	\$72 00
		ft			
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to 3	ft	25	11 00	95 00

B. thunbergi erecta. Truebedge Columnberry. Plant Patent No. 110. A new Barberry of dense, upright growth with rich green foliage that changes to brilliant autumn tints. Excellent for edging flower-beds or for a low, compact hedge.

		Each	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2	ft	. \$0-90	\$7 50
2^{-1} to $2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	. 1 25	10 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft	. 1 40	12 50
	ft		

BUDDLEIA

Buddleia, Charming. (New.) One of the most outstanding new plants. Great profusion of attractive lavender-pink blooms throughout summer and early autumn.

B., Dubonnet. (New.) Color resembles French Dubonnet wine.

WIIIC.	
Prices of above two varieties: Each	Each
Strong	Heavy\$2 50

CALLICARPA

Callicarpa purpurea. Chinese Beautyberry. Clusters of lilacviolet berries cover this plant in the fall. Unusually attractive in the garden.

CALYCANTHUS

Calycanthus floridus. Old-fashioned Strawberry Shrub. Old-fashioned shrub with chocolate-colored blossoms. The leaves, when crushed, have fragrance.

CARAGANA

Caragana arborescens. Siberian Pea-tree. Tall-growing shrub. Bright yellow flowers. Blooms in May.

CLETHRA

Clethra alnifolia. Summersweet. A slow-growing shrub with spikes of white, fragrant flowers from July to September. Valuable for moist, shady places.

valuable for moise,	mady prac	C3.		
	Each	,	•	Each
3 to 4 ft	.\$1 75 6	6 to 8 ft		.\$5 00
4 to 5 ft	. 2 50	8 to 10 ft		. 6 75
5 to 6 ft	. 3 50			

CORNUS

Cornus mas. C	Cornelian Cherry. Before the formula mass of bright yellow. Attr	orsythia blooms, active berries in
late summer.	Each	Each
4 . m c.	# 2 OF 1 C 1 O C	

	Each	Ŀа	.ch
4 to 5 ft		\$6	75
5 to 6 ft		9	00

C. sanguinea. Blood-twig Dogwood. This variety has purplish red branches and greenish white flowers, followed by black fruit. In contrast with other shrubs it produces pleasing effects.

COTONEASTER

All Cotoneaster B&B

Cotoneaster horizontalis. Rock Cotoneaster. Small, box-like leaves and brilliant red berries. The horizontal, prostrate branches form flat sprays with branchlets arranged in fishbone fashion. For the rock-garden or border.

	Εa	ich.
12 to 15 in., potted	. \$2	00
15 to 18 in., potted	. 2	75

- C. dielsiana. Diels Cotoneaster. Slender arching branches with masses of bright red berries.
- C. divaricata. Spreading Cotoneaster. An attractive, spreading shrub with glossy dark green leaves and bright red berries in fall.
- C. zabeli. Zabel Cotoneaster. A gray-leaved variety with bright red berries. Upright, graceful, arching habit of growth.

growth.			
Prices of above three varieties:			Each
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$2	25	4 to 5 ft\$4	50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	75	5 to 6 ft 6	00
3 to 4 ft	50	6 to 8 ft	50

CYDONIA

Cydonia japonica rubra grandiflora. Japanese Quince. Large, deep crimson and orarge-red blossoms, produced in great masses as the leaves come out. Glossy foliage.

8	TOUT TO BORRE OUT.	010000 101100801	
	Each		Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	.\$0 85 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft	\$1 75
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	. 1 25 3 to 4	ft	2 50

DEUTZIA

- **Deutzia gracilis rosea.** Slender Rose Deutzia. Pink flowers completely cover this dwarf shrub. Valuable for border and foundation plantings.
- **D. lemoinei.** Lemoine Deutzia. A dwarf form up to 4 feet with snowy white flowers in late May and early June.

Prices of above two varieties: E.	ach			Ea	ch
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1	00	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft	 . \$2	00
2^{-1} to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	3 to 4	ft	 . 2	50

D. scabra, Pride of Rochester. Tall, vigorous grower; white flowers tinged with pink in June.

DAPHNE

- **Daphne mezereum.** February Daphne. Upright branches thickly studded with delightfully fragrant, rose-purple flowers in February.
- **D. mezereum alba.** White February Daphne. A form of the above with fragrant white flowers.

Prices of above two varieties: Each		Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., B&B.\$2 75	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., B&B	. \$4 00
2 to 2½ ft., B&B. 3 25		

ELÆAGNUS

Elæagnus angustifolia. Russian Olive. An attractive, rapid-growing shrub with silvery foliage and orange berries. Excellent for seashore plantings.

ENKIANTHUS

All Enkianthus B&B

Enkianthus campanulatus. Redvein Enkianthus. A plant resembling azalea in growth, with pink, bell-shaped flowers like andromeda in May, and beautiful foliage tints in fall.

	Each		Each
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$	ft\$3 50	4 to 5 ft	\$6 75
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft 4 50	5 to 6 ft	8 50
3 to 4	ft 5 50		

EUONYMUS

- **Euonymus alatus.** Winged Euonymus. An unusual shrub of dwarf, compact habit, with yellowish flowers, followed by red berries in autumn. The foliage is a brilliant red in the fall. Branches are winged, with a peculiar corky bark.
- **E. yedoensis.** Yeddo Euonymus. Large shrub producing a profusion of colorful pink and orange berries. Leaves bright red in the fall. The showiest of all the bush Euonymus.

Prices of above two varieties: Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 00	3 to 4 ft\$2 00
2 to 3 ft	4 to 5 ft

GORDONIA (Franklinia)

All Gordonia B&B

Gordonia alatamaha. A very rare large shrub or small tree found in 1790, but since lost and only recently rediscovered. Produces large white flowers in autumn and has handsome glossy foliage. Should be in every plant-lover's garden. Each Each 2 to 3 ft. \$3 50 | 5 to 6 ft. \$9 00 3 to 4 ft. 5 00 | 6 to 7 ft. 12 00 4 to 5 ft. 6 50 |

FORSYTHIA

- Forsythia spectabilis. Showy Border Golden Bell. Most profuse blooming of all the Forsythias. Flowers are large and rich golden yellow.
- **F. suspensa fortunei.** Fortune Golden Bell. The arching branches of this upright-growing shrub are covered with a profusion of rich yellow flowers and later on by broad, deep green foliage.

HIBISCUS

Hibiscus syriacus. Rose of Sharon. Tall-growing shrubs producing in profusion large, handsome, double flowers in shades of pink, white, violet, and red in late summer.

Celestis. Single; sky-blue.

Rubis. Single; red.

Snowdrift. Single; white.

Woodbridge. Single, large; red.

Prices of above four varieties: Each	Each	
	5 to 6 ft\$3 00 6 to 7 ft	

HYDRANGEA

Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora. Peegee Hydrangea. An extremely well-known variety, bearing large, conical-shaped trusses of white blooms in late summer and early fall, changing to pink and red as the season advances.

	Regular sizes at shrub prices	Each
3 to 5 ft.,	tree form	\$2 50

HAMAMELIS

Hamamelis mollis. Chinese Witchbazel. Considered to be the best of the family. Larger flowers with broad petals; golden yellow with reddish base. Blooms in February.

_	_		Εa	ıch				Εε	ch
3	to 4 ft.,	B&B	\$5	50	5 to	6 ft.,	B&B	\$8	00
4	to 5 ft.,	B&B	. 6	75	6 to	7 ft.,	$B_{\&}B_{\&}\ldots\ldots$	10	00

 H. virginiana. Witchbazel. The latest shrub to bloom. After foliage has fallen, bright yellow flowers appear in great profusion.

 Each
 Each

 4 to 5 ft...
 \$2 25 | 8 to 10 ft...
 \$6 00

 5 to 6 ft...
 2 75 | 10 to 12 ft...
 9 00

 6 to 8 ft...
 4 00 |

Cotoneaster divaricata. (See page 12)



Gordonia (Franklinia). (See page 13.)

ILEX

Ilex verticillata. Winterberry. An attractive, upright shrub with bright red berries persisting to midwinter. Berries are particularly appropriate for the Christmas season.

Each	Eac	:h
2 to 3 ft	4 to 5 ft\$2	50
3 to 4 ft 1 75	5 to 6 ft 3 !	50

KOLKWITZIA

Kolkwitzia amabilis. Beauty Bush. A handsome shrub from China. Makes long, graceful sprays of foliage and is completely covered with delicate pink flowers in June.

		_	
	Each		Each
3 to 4 ft	\$1 75	6 to 7 ft	\$4 25
4 to 5 ft	2 25	7 to 8 ft	5 50
5 to 6 ft			

LIGUSTRUM · Privet

Ligustrum ibota regelianum. Regel's Privet. Has a dense, spreading habit with horizontal, arching branches. Attractive blue-black berries in fall and winter. Makes an attractive informal hedge.

tive illiorniai neuge.	Each	10	100
2 to 3 ft			
3 to 4 ft	. 1 50	12 00	100 00
4 to 5 ft	2 00	16 00	135 00
5 to 6 ft	3 00	25 00	200 00

L. ovalifolium. California Privet. The most popular hedgeplant. Lends itself well to shearing and does exceptionally well on Long Island.

10 100

0	* •	,
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$2 00	\$13 00
2 to 3 ft		
3 to 4 ft		
4 to 5 ft	. 6 50	<i>55</i> 00

LONICERA · The Bush Honeysuckle

- Lonicera fragrantissima. Winter Honeysuckle. Semi-ever-green shrub, with fragrant flowers in April and May. A strong-growing shrub that reaches a height of about 8 feet.
- L. tatarica grandiflora. Bride Honeysuckle. Flowers in pink shades from light to dark. Red berries.
- L. tatarica rosea. Rosy Tatarian Honeysuckle. Bright rosepink flowers in June, with orange-scarlet berries in late summer and fall.

LESPEDEZA

Lespedeza formosa. Purple Bush Clover. Producing long, drooping racemes of pea-shaped rosy purple flowers in September when showy flowering shrubs are extremely scarce.

Each

to 4 yr........\$1 50 | 4 to 5 yr........\$2 50

PHOTINIA

Photinia villosa. Chinese Christmas Berry. A beautiful shrub with a profusion of white flowers in May and red berries in autumn and winter. Rich foliage color in fall.

Each	Ea	.ch
4 to 5 ft\$2 25	8 to 10 ft\$5	50
5 to 6 ft		
6 to 8 ft 4 00		

PHILADELPHUS · Mock Orange

- Philadelphus, Mont Blanc. White Mountain Mock Orange. A choice hybrid variety with lovely large white flowers.
- **P. coronarius.** Sweet Mock Orange. Tall-growing shrub with profusion of fragrant, white, showy flowers in June.
- P. grandiflorus. Big Scentless Mock Orange. This vigorous variety grows very rapidly, bearing large, white, showy flowers in June.

Philadelphus, Minnesota Snowflake. Plant Patent No. 538. A splendid addition to the Philadelphus family. Produces a profusion of large, double, fine white flowers with fragrance. Shrub grows bushy and full.

Each	Each	
2 to 3 ft\$1 50	3 to 4 ft\$2 00	

PHYSOCARPUS

Physocarpus opulifolius (Spiræa opulifolia). Ninebark. A strong-growing shrub and a splendid plant for shady places. White flowers are produced along the stems, from which the bark hangs in long shreds and strips.

PRUNUS

RHODOTYPOS

Rhodotypos kerrioides. Jetbead. A bushy shrub with fresh green foliage and white flowers in May and June, followed by jet-black berries all winter. Will grow in shade.

by jet-black berries an	WIIICCI.	11 III 610 II	III SIILLE.	
E	ach			Each
3 to 4 ft\$1	25 5	to 6 ft		. \$2 50
4 to 5 ft				

ROSA

Rosa hugonis. Hugonis Rose. Long, gracefully arching branches filled with glorious yellow single flowers.

	C		0	
	Éach			Each
2 to 3 ft	\$1 25	3 to	o 4 ft	\$1 50

SYMPHORICARPOS

- **Symphoricarpos chenaulti.** Improved Coralberry. A neat, bushy shrub with fine foliage and coral-red berries in autumn. Excellent for massing on banks, and partial shade.
- **S. racemosus.** Snowberry. A fine, bushy shrub with decorative leaves. White, waxy berries.
- **S. vulgaris.** Coralberry. Clusters of red berries through the winter. For massing on hillsides, partial shade and hedges.

SPIRÆA

Spiræa bumalda, Anthony Waterer. Crimson Spirea. A free-blooming, compact shrub, with deep pink flowers in broad, flat heads in July and August. Dwarf in habit and makes a desirable low hedge.

2 to 2½ ft... \$1 00 | 3 to 4 ft... \$1 75 2½ to 3 ft... 1 25 |

Spiræa macrothyrsa. Improved Billiard Spirea. (New.)

A much-improved variety with large bright pink flowerspikes in July and August.

Each
4 to 5 ft. . . . \$2 00 | 6 to 7 ft. \$4 00 5 to 6 ft. 3 00

- **S. trichocarpa.** Korean Spirea. A spreading, arching shrub bearing clusters of snowy flowers, resembling the Vanhouttei, but larger and broader, and blooming later.
- **S. vanhouttei.** Bridal Wreath. In May the gracefully arching branches are covered with masses of beautiful, small, white flowers. Bluish green foliage when out of flower.

STEPHANANDRA

Stephanandra flexuosa. Stephanandra. A compact, erect-growing shrub with attractive fern-like foliage

_	_				
		E	ach		Each
2 to 3	ft	\$1	25	4 to 5 ft	 \$2 25
3 to 4	ft	1	75		

STEWARTIA

Stewartia pentagyna. Mountain Stewartia. A very choice shrub with large, white, bowl-shaped flowers 3 inches across throughout June. Each 3 to 4 ft., B&B......\$5 00 | 5 to 6 ft., B&B......\$8 00 4 to 5 ft., B&B......6 50

SYRINGA · The Lilacs

Syringa persica. Persian Lilac. A graceful shrub with slender branches. Free blooming, producing single, lavender flowers in broad panicles in May and June.

	Each		Each
2 to 3 ft	\$1 25	4 to 5 ft	\$2 25
3 to 4 ft	1 75	5 to 6 ft.,	heavy 4 00

S. vulgaris alba. Common White Lilac. White flowers a week earlier than those of any other variety. Desirable also for a flowering hedge or a hold clump.

	Each											E	ach									
2	to	3	ft					٠			. \$1	50	1	4	to	5	ft		 		.\$3	00
3	to	4	ft								. 2	00		5	to	6	ft				. 5	00

Comes a little later than regular Lilac and prolongs the bloom.
S. vulgaris. Common Lilac. A strong, vigorous, upright shrub with rich dark green foliage and large clusters of fragrant purple flowers in May. Most desirable for a flowering hedge or large masses.
Prices of above two varieties: Each 2 to 3 ft. \$1 25 5 to 6 ft. \$4 50 3 to 4 ft. 1 75 6 to 7 ft. 6 00 4 to 5 ft. 2 75 6 to 7 ft. 6 to 7 ft.
NAMED HYBRID LILACS
Much larger flowers than the Common Lilac.
Chas. X. Single; reddish purple. Jan van Tol. Single; large; pure white.
Jean Bart. Double; reddish purple. Leon Gambetta. Lilac-rose.
Miss Ellen Willmott. Double; white. Mme. F. Morel. Single; purplish red.
Mme. Lemoine. Double; white. President Poincare. Violet; double.
Ruhm von Horstenstein. Single; reddish purple.
Souv. de Louis Spaeth. Single; dark purple. Vestale. Single; white.
Prices of above varieties: Each
2 to 3 ft
5 to 4 it 5 00
VITEX
Vitex macrophylla. Chaste-tree. An attractive shrub with lavender-blue flowers from July to frost. Needs sun.
Each 2 to 3-yr\$1 25 3 to 4-yr\$1 75
VACCINIUM
Vaccinium corymbosum. Highbush Blueberry. A native species with edible blue-black berries. Interesting autumn
effect and red twigs in winter.
effect and red twigs in winter. Each 4 to 5 ft. \$4 50
effect and red twigs in winter.
effect and red twigs in winter. Each 4 to 5 ft. \$4 50 5 to 6 ft., specimen 6 00 6 to 8 ft., specimen 8 50
effect and red twigs in winter. 4 to 5 ft. \$4 50 5 to 6 ft., specimen 6 00 6 to 8 ft., specimen 8 50 8 to 10 ft., specimen 12 00 VIBURNUM • The Snowballs Viburnum dilatatum. Japanese Bush Cranberry. A rare Japanese species with cream-colored flowers in June, followed by scarlet berries in autumn and through the winter.
effect and red twigs in winter. 4 to 5 ft. \$4 50 5 to 6 ft., specimen 6 00 6 to 8 ft., specimen 8 50 8 to 10 ft., specimen 12 00 VIBURNUM • The Snowballs Viburnum dilatatum. Japanese Bush Cranberry. A rare Japanese species with cream-colored flowers in June, fol-
effect and red twigs in winter. 4 to 5 ft. \$4 50 5 to 6 ft., specimen 6 00 6 to 8 ft., specimen 8 50 8 to 10 ft., specimen 12 00 VIBURNUM • The Snowballs Viburnum dilatatum. Japanese Bush Cranberry. A rare Japanese species with cream-colored flowers in June, followed by scarlet berries in autumn and through the winter. V. theiferum. One of the most showy Viburnums. Large white flowers followed by huge clusters of brilliant scarlet
effect and red twigs in winter. 4 to 5 ft. \$4 50 5 to 6 ft., specimen 6 00 6 to 8 ft., specimen 8 50 8 to 10 ft., specimen 12 00 VIBURNUM • The Snowballs Viburnum dilatatum. Japanese Bush Cranberry. A rare Japanese species with cream-colored flowers in June, followed by scarlet berries in autumn and through the winter. V. theiferum. One of the most showy Viburnums. Large white flowers followed by huge clusters of brilliant scarlet berries. V. tomentosum plicatum. Japanese Snowball. A very handsome shrub with showy white flowers in June and beautiful dark green foliage. Blooms a little later than the Common Snowball.

- Viburnum lantana. Wayfaring Tree. Of robust growth, with large foliage that is silvery underneath. White flowers in May and June, followed by red fruit which turns black in autumn. Does well in shade.
- V. opulus. European Cranberry Bush. Panicles of white flowers in May and June, followed by large, cranberry-like fruit. Fine for winter color. Does well in shade.

Prices of above two varieties: Each	Each
2 to 3 ft\$1 00	
3 to 4 ft 1 50	6 to 7 ft 4 00
4 to 5 ft	7 to 8 ft

WEIGELA

Weigela, Bristol Ruby. Plant Patent No. 492. An improved variety resembling Eva Rathke, but having more vigor and rich-colored flowers of soft ruby-red shaded
crimson. Each
2 to 3 ft\$1 50
3 to 4 ft
4 to 5 ft
5 to 6 ft

Weigela hybrida nana variegata. Dwarf Variegated Weigela. Dwarf. Variegated leaves and light pink blooms.

Each							
2 to 3 ft	\$1 00	3 to 4 ft		1 50			

W. floribunda. Crimson Weigela. A well-known and popular leafy shrub with an abundance of tubular, brilliant crimson flowers.

W. rosea. Pink Weigela. A vigorous grower and very free flowering. Large, deep rose blooms in May.

XANTHORHIZA

A Few Practical Hints on Planting

Always keep roots covered when plants are out of the ground. Dig hole large enough to receive plant without bending roots.

Break up subsoil and mix it thoroughly with rotted stable manure.

Set plants slightly deeper than they stood at the nursery.

Work in good soil among roots so as to leave no air-pockets.

Fill hole and tamp soil down thoroughly with the heel of shoe.

Leave slight depression around plant to catch the water, and water thoroughly.

A booklet with more detailed planting instructions will be gladly sent upon request, free of charge.



Broad-Leaf Evergreens

VITH few exceptions, no grounds, either small or extensive, should be without some representative of this rich and interesting group of plants. They endure shade, and their rich blossom and foliage effect makes them almost indispensable. Certain varieties of this class, such as Rhododendrons, Azaleas, and Laurel, ordinarily grow more satisfactorily and show to better advantage when planted in rather heavy masses. A deep, cool, moist subsoil, with proper drainage, is ideal. As a rule, they dislike lime, or limestone soil, and success will be more certain on such soils if they are planted in woods earth or mulched with peat moss. Oak leaves are ideal for covering the ground beneath them.

AZALEA

For Deciduous Azaleas, see page 9

Azalea amœna. Japanese Azalea. Purple-red blooms produced in a solid mass during April and May. Rich bronze foliage in the fall; vigorous grower.

Each							
12 to	15 in\$3 50 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$5	50				
15 to	18 in 4 50 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	. 8	00				

A., Coral Bell. Kurume Azalea. Bright coral-pink, double flowers in profusion.

				Lac	h				E.a	ich
12	to	15	in	. \$3	50	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to	2 ft	 	. \$5	75
15	to	18	in	4	50	. –				

Azalea, Firefly. Kurume Azalea. A hardy Kurume variety with dark scarlet blooms overlaid with copper. Vigorous grower. Each 12 to 15 in \$3 75 3 to 4 ft \$13 00 15 to 18 in 4 75 4 to 5 ft 18 00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 9 00
A., Hinomayo. Japanese Azalea. Very much like the Hinodegiri in habit, the flowers being a beautiful shade of soft pink, produced in great profusion in May. Each Each
12 to 15 in \$3 75 1½ to 2 ft \$5 75 15 to 18 in 4 75 2 to 2½ ft 8 00
A., Hinodegiri. Japanese Azalea. Bright carmine-pink flowers in profusion in April and May. Evergreen foliage, larger than Amæna.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
A. ledifolia (indica alba). Snow Azalea. A choice evergreen Azalea with large white flowers in May. Combines nicely with A. Hinodegiri or A. Hinomayo.
12 to 15 in \$3 75 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft \$8 50 15 to 18 in 4 75 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 11 00 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 6 00
A. macrantha. Japanese Azalea. Large, salmon-red flowers. A compact, flat, quick-growing variety. Very hardy.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

ABELIA

Abelia grandiflora. Glossy Abelia. Bright, shiny foliage and a mass of light pink blossoms from July until frost. Dwarf in habit, making it most useful for adding color to the foreground.

Each

12 to 18 in.......\$1 75 | 1½ to 2 ft.........\$2 25



BERBERIS

Berberis julianæ. Wintergreen Barberry. A hardy, erect plant of compact growth, with rich, glossy green foliage throughout the winter. It harmonizes well with rhododendrons, kalmias, and such other evergreen shrubs.

		Each			ch
12	to 18	in\$2 75	$ 2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	\$6	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to 2	ft 4 00	3 to 4 ft	7	50
		ft 4 75			

B. wilsoniæ subcaulialata. Chinese Barberry. A semi-evergreen type of Barberry with graceful, arching branches and dense foliage.

and dense ronage.		
Each	Ea	ch
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$3 25	4 to 5 ft\$5	50
3 to 4 ft 4 50		

BOXWOOD · Buxus

Buxus suffruticosa. Dwarf Boxwood. A splendid dwarf plant, ideal for edging purposes in the formal garden and for borders.

		100
6 to 8 in	\$1 40	\$125 00
8 to 10 in., B&B	2 00	175 00
10 to 12 in., B&B		

COTONEASTER HORIZONTALIS.

See page 12

DAPHNE

Daphne cneorum. Rose Daphne. A dwarf evergreen shrub with green leaves on almost prostrate stems, which produces a profusion of fragrant, rosy pink flowers in April and May. It is extremely pretty in rock-gardens.

Ea	ch	E	ch
6 to 9 in\$1 9 to 12 in2		\$3	00

EUONYMUS

Euonymus radicans. Japanese Evergreen Creeper. A low trailing shrub, excellent as a ground cover. Leaves are small, dull green above with whitish veins.

radicans vegetus. Broad-leaf Evergreen Bittersweet. Large round leaves; orange-scarlet berries in fall.

Prices of above two varieties:	Bare Root	
Medium plants	\$1 50	\$2 00
Strong plants	. 1 75	2 50

ILEX

llex crenata. Japanese Holly. Dense, compact evergreen bush that can be shaped like boxwood. Deep green foliage. Rapid grower. Each Each

$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$4 00	4 to 5 ft\$12 50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	5 to 6 ft 17 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft	6 to 7 ft 25 00
3 to 4 ft 9 00	7 to 8 ft 33 00

I. crenata convexa (bullata). Japanese Boxleaf Holly. choice, dense, compact-growing plant with deep green, box-like foliage. Useful for foundation plantings and broad-leaf massing. Each

Ilex glabra. Inkber	ry. A bushy, upright-gro-	wing, very hardy
shrub. Has dark,	, oval foliage, small flower	rs and an abun-
	lack fruit in the fall. Use	ful for shady and
moist locations.	Each	Each
11/4 to 2 ft	\$3 75 3 to 1 ft	\$0.00

 1½ to 2 ft.
 \$3 75 | 3 to 4 ft.
 \$9 00

 2 to 2½ ft.
 5 00 | 4 to 5 ft.
 12 00

 2½ to 3 ft.
 6 50 | 5 to 6 ft.
 16 00

I. opaca. American Holly. Slow-growing tree with short, spreading branches. Leaves are large, shiny, and thorny. The red-berried Holly that is popular during Christmas.

Each	Each
2 to 3 ft\$6 00	8 to 9 ft \$33 00
3 to 4 ft 8 00	9 to 10 ft
4 to 5 ft	10 to 12 ft 50 00
5 to 6 ft	12 to 14 ft
6 to 7 ft	14 to 16 ft 85 00
7 to 8 ft	

KALMIA . Mountain Laurel

Kalmia latifolia. Mountain Laurel. A vigorous evergreen shrub, with long, clustered leaves of rich, glossy green. Very hardy and will thrive in sunlight or partial shade. Large, showy clusters of rose-white flowers in early summer.

Each		Еa	ch
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3 to 4 ft	. \$9	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{2}$ ft	4 to 5 ft	.12	00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	5 to 6 ft	.16	00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft			

LEUCOTHOE

Leucothoe catesbæi. Drooping Leucothoe. Valuable for shady spots. The fine white blossoms are borne in long, drooping fragrant racemes. In late fall the leaves assume a purplish red tint which is retained throughout winter.

		_		
	Each		Eac	ch
1 to 1½ ft	\$3 00	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	\$5	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{2}$ ft	3 75	3 to 4 ft	7	00
2 to 2½ ft				

PACHYSANDRA

Pachysandra terminalis. Japanese Spurge. Low-growing plant which makes a splendid evergreen ground-cover in shady places where grass will not grow. Effective when used as an edging plant for larger evergreens.

		-			
	- 10	100		10	100
Medium	\$1.8	5 \$16 00	Strong	\$2.50	\$20.00

PYRACANTHA

Pyracantha coccinea lalandi. Laland Firethorn. A beautiful specimen plant of slender, upright habit. Has small, dark green leaves and the small white flowers are followed by bright orange berries in late summer. Genuine Lalandi strain.

Each

Each

stra	ın.	Each		Eac	ch
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to 3	ft\$6 00	5 to 6 ft	\$15	00
3	to 4	ft 7 50	7 to 8 ft	28	00
4	to 5	ft 9 00	§'		

PIERIS . The Andromeda

Pieris japonica. Japanese Andromeda. A small shrub with glossy green foliage and racemes of lily-of-the-valley-like flowers. For the rockery.

· ·	
Each	Each
12 to 15 in\$2 75	$ 2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$8 00
15 to 18 in 4 25	$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 11 00$
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 6 75$	

RHODODENDRON

Rhododendron catawbiense. Catawba Rhododendron. A native variety, the parent of most of our best hybrids. Will grow in any soil that is free from lime; very hardy and free flowering, the large, round clusters of deep rosy purple appearing in May and June.

-		Each			Ea	ch
		\$4 25	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to	3 ft	 \$8	50

R. maximum. Great Bay Rhododendron. The acme of perfection in size and hardiness. Flat masses of white to light pink blooms appear in June. The foliage is heavy, thick, and smooth. Each 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$5 00 | 4 to 5 ft. \$13 00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 6 50 | 5 to 6 ft. 17 00 3 to 4 ft. 9 00 |

R. Hybrids. Choice varieties having immense blooms in a wide range of colors.

America. Brilliant red.

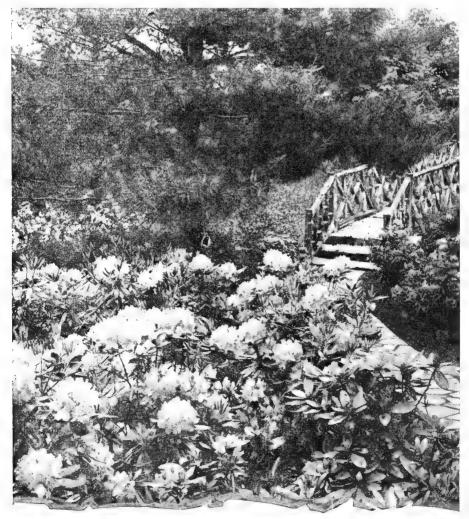
Caractacus. Bright purplish crimson.

Catawbiense alba. White.

Dr. H. C. Dresselhuys. Aniline-red.
Ignatius Sargent. Bright rosy red.
Lee's Dark Purple. Rich deep purple.
Mrs. C. S. Sargent. Deep pink, yellow eye.
Roseum Elegans. Clear rose-pink.

•					
Prices of above var	ieties: Each				ch
*15 to 18	in\$6 00	$*2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft	\$14	00
	ft 8 00				
* 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$	ft10 50	*4 to 5	ft	22	00

VINCA





Evergreens

In THIS group are contained some of the most valued plants for landscape effects. The diversity of color and habit of growth in this class provide truly "a plant for every place and purpose," some for limited areas of foundation plantings or for bed and border uses, others for screens, hedges, windbreaks, and for group and specimen plantings. They are always desirable for both summer and winter effects.

ABIES · The Firs

Abies concolor. White Fir. Rapid-growing evergreen, with long, bluish green needles, and of symmetrical, upright habit. Splendid as a lawn specimen, as a contrast with the darker foliage of other trees, and is also useful in screen and border plantings. It is a tree of great dignity.

Each		Eac	ch
3 to 4 ft\$8 50	7 t · 8 ft	\$21	00
4 to 5 ft	8 to 10 ft	. 32	00
5 to 6 ft	10 to 12 ft	42	00
6 to 7 ft	12 to 14 ft	55	00

Abies douglasi (Pseudotsuga douglasi). Douglas Fir. This tree is hardy and adapts itself to either dry or moist situations. It will thrive in semi-shade as well as in full sunlight. Pyramidal in habit, with bluish green, short needles, closely borne along the branches. Each 2 to 2 fine PA 75 + 5 to 6 fi
2 to 3 ft \$4 75 5 to 6 ft \$11 50 3 to 4 ft 6 50 6 to 7 ft 14 50 4 to 5 ft 8 75 8 to 10 ft 22 00
A. homolepis. Nikko Fir. Rich, deep velvety green foliage. One of the best Firs.
Each 6 to 7 ft\$17 00 8 to 10 ft\$30 00 7 to 8 ft22 00
CHAMÆCYPARIS (Retinospora) The Cypress
Chamæcyparis (Cupressus) lawsoniana, Triomphe de Boskoop. Boskoop Cypress. Blue-green foliage. Slightly pendulous. Makes a good lawn specimen.
8 to 10 ft.
C. obtusa. Hinoki Cypress. An extremely graceful evergreen of medium height. The foliage is a rich dark green. Makes a fine specimen.
Each 2½ to 3 ft.
C. obtusa compacta. Football Cypress. Foliage dark green. Dwarf, compact, and of good form, from which it derives its name. An excellent type for foundation plantings. Each Each
15 to 18 in $$2 ext{ 25} \ 2\frac{1}{2} ext{ to 3} ext{ ft} $6 ext{ 00} \ 1\frac{1}{2} ext{ to 2} ext{ ft} $3 ext{ 50} \ 2 ext{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} ext{ ft} $4 ext{ 25} \ 2 ext{ to } 3 ext{ ft} $5 ext{ 00} \ 3 ext{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} ext{ ft} $5 ext{ 7 ext{ 50}} \ 3 ext{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} ext{ ft} $5 ext{ 600} \ 3 ext{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} ext{ ft} $1 ext{ 600} \ 3 ext{ 600} \ 3 ext{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} ext{ ft} $1 ext{ 600} \ 3 ext{ 600}$
C. obtusa crippsi. Golden Hinoki Cypress. A golden-leaved form of C. obtusa. Bright yellow at all times.
C. obtusa gracilis. Slender Hinoki Cypress. Compact and of dwarf habit. Makes a narrow, irregular pyramid with light, graceful branches and rich green foliage.
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
C. obtusa gracilis compacta. Compact Hinoki Cypress. A little more compact than C. obtusa gracilis. Interesting irregular character of growth; slow growing.
Each 15 to 18 in\$4 25 2½ to 3 ft\$11 00 1½ to 2 ft 5 50 3 to 4 ft 15 00 2 to 2½ ft 8 25 4 to 5 ft 19 50
C. obtusa nana. Dwarf Hinoki Cypress. Forms a compact, dense, irregular plant, with a Japanese effect. One of the best dwarf evergreens for planting in the foreground and excellent for the rock-garden.
Each 10 to 12 in \$\\$3 00 2 to 2\frac{1}{2} ft \$\\$12 00 12 to 15 in \$4 25 2\frac{1}{2} to 3 ft \$17 00 15 to 18 in \$5 50 3 to 3\frac{1}{2} ft \$22 50 18 to 24 in \$8 00

- Chamæcyparis pisifera. Sawara Cypress. Quick growing, of tall, pyramidal shape, with horizontal branches. The foliage is a deep, glossy green. When sheared, makes a beautiful specimen, and is very graceful when left to develop naturally.
- C. pisifera plumosa. Plume Cypress. Light green foliage, soft and feathery. When sheared, makes a compact plant which can be used either around the foundation of the house or as a lawn specimen.

Prices of above two varieties: Each		Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$2 50	4 to 5 ft	\$7 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 00$	5 to 6 ft	9 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft		
3 to 4 ft 5 25	7 to 8 ft	16 00

- C. pisifera aurea. Golden Sawara Cypress. Has all the characteristics of the above, except that it is of a beautiful golden yellow color—the brightest of all. May be easily sheared when a formal effect is desired.
- C. pisifera plumosa aurea. Golden Plume Cypress. Same characteristics as C. pisifera plumosa, except that the foliage is golden in color. It is one of the most popular varieties, well liked for its rich coloring.
- C. pisifera squarrosa. Moss Retinospora. Forms a broad pyramid. The soft, moss-like foliage is very dense and compact, giving a woolly appearance. Adaptable to shearing.

Prices of above three varieties: Each		Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$2 75	4 to 5 ft	\$8 50
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 50$	5 to 6 ft	12 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft	6 to 7 ft	15 50
3 to 4 ft 5 75	7 to 8 ft	19 00

C. pisifera filifera. Thread Retinospora. Of graceful, drooping growth, with dense, dark green foliage. Very useful in all evergreen plantings, and when sheared regularly it will maintain its low, compact shape for a long period.

	Each		Each
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$	ft\$3 75	4 to 5 ft	\$9 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft 4 50	5 to 6 ft	12 50
3 to 4	ft 6 25	6 to 7 ft	16 00

- C. pisifera filifera aurea. Golden Thread Retinospora. Another form of Filifera, with the young growth of a golden yellow.

 Each
 4 to 5 ft...

 \$14 00 | 6 to 7 ft...

 \$25 00
 5 to 6 ft...

 19 00 |
- C. pisifera filifera compacta. Dwarf Thread Retinospora.
 A dwarf, very compact form of the preceding variety.

A uwan,	very compact form o	i the preceding	variety.
	Each		Each
5 to 6 ft	\$30 00 1	6 to 8 ft	\$40 00

CRYPTOMERIA · Japanese Cedar

Cryptomeria japonica araucarioides. Japanese Cedar. A very unusual and interesting plant of upright shape and loose, fantastic growth.

1003c, Tantasti	c growth.	
	Each	Each
8 to 10 ft	\dots \$25 00 10 to 12 ft.	\$30_00

C. japonica lobbi. A handsome Japanese evergreen, tall, narrow, pyramidal in shape, and with deep green foliage which in the winter changes to a beautiful bronzy tint. A fine novelty.

Each
6 to 8 ft... \$13 00 | 10 to 12 ft... \$25 00 8 to 10 ft... 19 00

A Safe Investment

Planting is one of the few investments which do not depreciate. It always brings increased returns in actual value and satisfaction. Shade trees, ornamental trees, and flowering shrubs create value that increases the worth of a property at least 20%. The return is immediate and it increases every year.

EVERGREEN HEDGES

From time immemorial people have used hedges and fences to protect their property from intrusion and to secure privacy.

ARBORVITÆ

Pyramidal. Because of its shapely habit of growth and deep green foliage, this makes a very fine hedge.

		10	100
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft	 \$32 50	\$300 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$	ft	 35 00	325 00
	ft		
4 to 5	ft	 50 00	475 00

HEMLOCK

The Hemlock hedge is ideal, and we recommend it as one of the most beautiful of evergreen hedges. Every year it grows increasingly beautiful. The Hemlock also grows well in shade, and lends itself nicely to shearing.

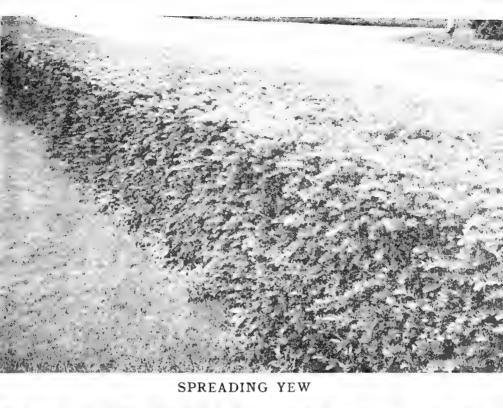
												1	0	100)
2 1	to $2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	 									. \$40	00	\$375	00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ 1	to 3	ft	 									. 50	00	475	00
3 1	to 4	ft	 				 				 	. 65	00	600	00
4 t	:05	ft	 				 				 	. 92	50	875	00

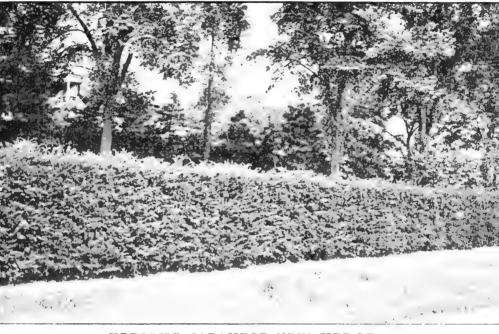
YEW HEDGES

Without doubt, this is the grandest of all the evergreens for hedges. In England and on the Continent, Yew hedges make up a large part of the charm of the landscape. The deep, rich, dark green foliage makes them a beautiful thing to behold. Plant a Yew hedge now and enjoy it all the days of your life.

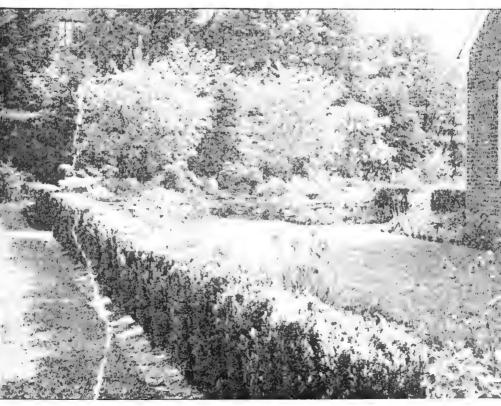
Dwarf Japanese (Taxus brevifolia). Dwarf spreading Yew. 12 to 15 in. \$40 00 15 to 18 in. 47 50	100
Upright (T. cuspidata capitata). 1½ to 2 ft., hedge type (thin) bare root. \$12 50 2½ to 3 ft., hedge type	\$100 00 \$100 00 475 00 600 00
Spreading (T. cuspidata). 15 to 18 in \$35 00 1½ to 2 ft 45 00	\$325 00 425 00
Hicks' Yew (<i>T. media bicksi</i>). A narrow, upright for very useful for hedges.	m of Yew

2½ to 3 ft	2 to 2½ ft\$50	00	\$475	00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	00	650	00
	$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 90$	00	850	00





UPRIGHT JAPANESE YEW HEDGE



HICKS' YEW HEDGE



Juniperus Chinensis pfitzeriana.

JUNIPERUS · The Junipers

Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana. Pfitzer Juniper. A very hardy variety that will thrive under the most unfavorable conditions. Well adapted to planting about foundations, entrances and beside steps. Spreading in habit when young. Gray-green foliage. A particularly tough plant for rough, hot, dusty, and smoky surroundings, enduring conditions which would destroy most other evergreens.

Willest Would destroy most s	
Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$\\$4 00	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft., heavy\$10 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4 to 5 ft., heavy 13 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 6 50	5 to 6 ft
3 to 3½ ft 8 00	

J. chinensis columnaris. Columnar Chinese Juniper. A distinct, narrow, columnar tree, with steel-blue foliage which retains its color well into the winter. Hardy and of rapid

. 1 17 C 1			
growth. Very formal. Each		Each	
3 to 4 ft\$6 00	8 to 10 ft	.\$22 50	0
4 to 5 ft 7 75	10 to 12 ft	. 29 0	0
5 to 6 ft	12 to 14 ft	. 36 0	0
6 to 7 ft	14 to 16 ft	. 45 0	0
7 to 8 ft			

- **J. communis hibernica.** *Irish Juniper*. A slender, columnar tree that is distinctively attractive. Leaves are gray-green in color. Much used for border planting.
- J. communis suecica. Swedish Juniper. Quick-growing, upright tree of beautiful outline, useful as an accent point in plantings, and similar to the Irish Juniper but with lighter green tips of branches.

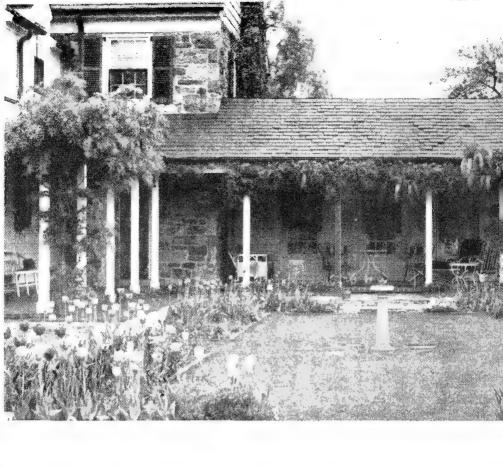
ingition green dipo of material	
Prices of two preceding: Each	Each
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$2 75	4 to 5 ft\$5 25
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	5 to 6 ft
3 to 4 ft 4 00	

J. excelsa stricta. Spiny Greek Juniper. A very on amental evergreen; narrow, dense and of erect growth. Foliage is gray-green. Very desirable for formal effects. Slow grower, keeping its columnar habit for many years.

				Еa	ch				Εa	ch
15	to	18	in\$	32	50	$12\frac{1}{2}$	to 3	ft	 . \$5	25
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft	3	00	3	to 4	ft	 . 6	50
								ft		

Juniperus glauca hetzi. Hetz's Spreading Juniper. (New.) A new type of Spreading Juniper resembling Pfitzer's Juniper, with bluish foliage. Excellent for foundation plantings. Each Each 2½ to 3 ft\$7 00 3 to 4 ft\$9 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 it
J. squamata meyeri. Meyer Juniper. A comparatively new variety, dwarf and of irregular habit of growth. The color is iridescent, the general effect being silvery blue, the tips taking purple tints in winter.
Fach 15 to 18 in \$3 00 2½ to 3 ft \$6 00 1½ to 2 ft 3 75 3 to 3½ ft 7 50 2 to 2½ ft 4 50
J. virginiana glauca. Silvery Red Cedar. One of the hand- somest forms of the Red Cedar. A little denser in habit than the common Red Cedar and has silvery gray foliage all year.
J. virginiana cannarti. Cannart Cedar. A fine, pyramidal evergreen of compact growth. Has a wonderful winter color and is perfectly hardy. Deep, rich green foliage.
J. virginiana keteleeri. Keteleeri Red Cedar. Similar in habit of growth to the Virginia Red Cedar, but differs slightly in color, which is a deep green. Compact foliage.
Prices of above three varieties: Each Each 3 to 4 ft. \$6 75 7 to 8 ft. \$18 00 4 to 5 ft. 8 25 8 to 10 ft. 25 00 5 to 6 ft. 10 75 10 to 12 ft. 34 00
6 to 7 ft
PICEA · The Spruces
Picea alba (canadensis). White Spruce. While this bluish green species adapts itself to a great variety of soils, it pre-
ters moist rather than dry situations. It is a compact, erect
fers moist rather than dry situations. It is a compact, erect grower, and is very long lived. P. excelsa. Norway Spruce. This evergreen is much appreciated for its very rapid growth, thriftiness, and heavy masses of dark green foliage.
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P. excelsa. Norway Spruce. This evergreen is much appreciated for its very rapid growth, thriftiness, and heavy masses of dark green foliage. Prices of above two varieties: Each 1½ to 2 ft \$2 50 4 to 5 ft \$6 00 2 to 2½ ft 3 00 5 to 6 ft 9 00 2½ to 3 ft 3 50 6 to 7 ft 12 00
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P. excelsa. Norway Spruce. This evergreen is much appreciated for its very rapid growth, thriftiness, and heavy masses of dark green foliage. Prices of above two varieties: Each 1½ to 2 ft. \$2 50 4 to 5 ft. \$6 00 2 to 2½ ft. 3 00 5 to 6 ft. 9 00 2½ to 3 ft. 3 50 6 to 7 ft. 12 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 50 7 to 8 ft. 15 00 P. microsperma. Dwarf Spruce. A very interesting evergreen with an irregular spreading habit. Excellent for rock-gardens. 3 to 4 ft. \$14 00 4 to 5 ft. \$20 00 P. orientalis. Oriental Spruce. A slow-growing Spruce with glossy blackish green needles. Its branches are wide-spreading and it grows into a beautiful tall spire. Each Each Each Each Each Each Each Each Stopping Spruce with glossy blackish green needles. Its branches are wide-spreading and it grows into a beautiful tall spire. Each Each
rers moist rather than dry situations. It is a compact, erect grower, and is very long lived. P. excelsa. Norway Spruce. This evergreen is much appreciated for its very rapid growth, thriftiness, and heavy masses of dark green foliage. Prices of above two varieties: Each 1½ to 2 ft. \$2 50 4 to 5 ft. \$6 00 2 to 2½ ft. 3 00 5 to 6 ft. 9 00 2½ to 3 ft. 3 50 6 to 7 ft. 12 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 50 7 to 8 ft. 15 00 P. microsperma. Dwarf Spruce. A very interesting evergreen with an irregular spreading habit. Excellent for rock-gardens. Each 3 to 4 ft. \$14 00 4 to 5 ft. \$20 00 P. orientalis. Oriental Spruce. A slow-growing Spruce with glossy blackish green needles. Its branches are widespreading and it grows into a beautiful tall spire. Each 4 to 5 ft. \$10 00 6 to 8 ft. \$20 00 5 to 6 ft. \$10 00 8 to 10 ft. 25 00
rers moist rather than dry situations. It is a compact, erect grower, and is very long lived. P. excelsa. Norway Spruce. This evergreen is much appreciated for its very rapid growth, thriftiness, and heavy masses of dark green foliage. Prices of above two varieties: Each 1½ to 2 ft. \$2 50 4 to 5 ft. \$6 00 2 to 2½ ft. 3 00 5 to 6 ft. 9 00 2½ to 3 ft. 3 50 6 to 7 ft. 12 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 50 7 to 8 ft. 15 00 P. microsperma. Dwarf Spruce. A very interesting evergreen with an irregular spreading habit. Excellent for rock-gardens. Each 3 to 4 ft. \$14 00 4 to 5 ft. \$20 00 P. orientalis. Oriental Spruce. A slow-growing Spruce with glossy blackish green needles. Its branches are widespreading and it grows into a beautiful tall spire. Each 4 to 5 ft. \$10 00 6 to 8 ft. \$20 00 5 to 6 ft. 15 00 8 to 10 ft. 25 00 P. omorika. Serbian Spruce. A slow-growing, compact variety of Spruce with attractive green foliage.
rers moist rather than dry situations. It is a compact, erect grower, and is very long lived. P. excelsa. Norway Spruce. This evergreen is much appreciated for its very rapid growth, thriftiness, and heavy masses of dark green foliage. Prices of above two varieties: Each 1½ to 2 ft \$2 50 4 to 5 ft \$6 00 2 to 2½ ft 3 00 5 to 6 ft 9 00 2½ to 3 ft 3 50 6 to 7 ft 12 00 3 to 4 ft 4 50 7 to 8 ft 15 00 P. microsperma. Dwarf Spruce. A very interesting evergreen with an irregular spreading habit. Excellent for rock-gardens. Each 3 to 4 ft \$14 00 4 to 5 ft \$20 00 P. orientalis. Oriental Spruce. A slow-growing Spruce with glossy blackish green needles. Its branches are widespreading and it grows into a beautiful tall spire. Each 4 to 5 ft \$10 00 6 to 8 ft \$20 00 5 to 6 ft
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Larger sizes, prices upon application.

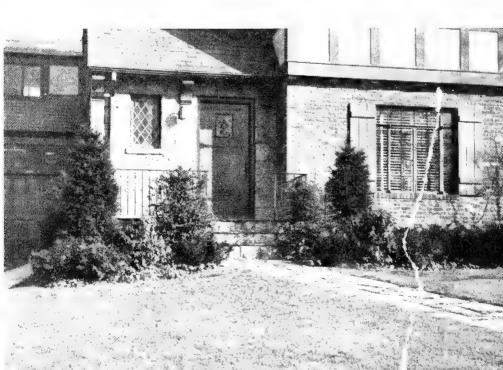


Landscape Service

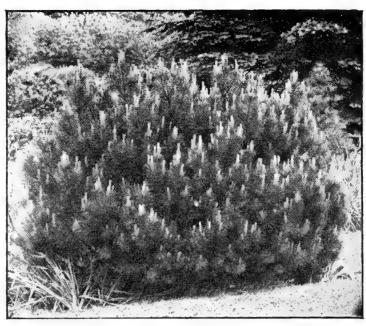
Proper design in landscape planting can make your grounds a true expression of good taste and individuality. Home means so much more in the sense of comfort and happiness when the grounds are developed to provide an attractive setting and an extension of the intimate livable areas of the house.

As a long-established nursery, we can offer the finest in plant material and the necessary skill to plan your grounds in accordance with the best practices of modern landscape design.

We shall be glad to consult with you at any time. Advice and recommendations are cheerfully furnished without cost or obligation.







Mugho Pine

PINUS · The Pines

Pinus koraiensis. Korean Pine. An excellent compact-growing
variety. Long needles of rich live green. Makes a fine
specimen. Each Each
5 to 6 ft\$18 00 6 to 7 ft\$22 00
P. montana mughus. Mugho Pine. Dwarf evergreen. Slow growing, very hardy, compact and neat in habit. Valuable where a low, dense evergreen growth is desired and excellent for rock-gardens and foundations. Each Each
12 to 15 in. \$2.75 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$5.50 15 to 18 in. 3 50 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 7 50 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 4 50 3 to 4 ft. 9 50
P. nigra (austriaca). Austrian Pine. A stately Pine, vigor-
ous and rapid grower; very hardy. Long, rich green needles. It thrives on any soil, inland or near the sea. One of the finest Pines for general planting, thriving in either the smoke- and gas-laden air of cities or the bracing salt air of the seashore. While it will stand trimming, it looks much better when allowed to grow naturally.
Each Each
2 to 3 ft
P. sylvestris. Scotch Pine. Desirable for its very rapid growth and adaptability to most soils. Silvery foliage. Each Each
2 to 3 ft.
P. strobus. White Pine. An extremely rapid-growing Pine that forms very beautiful specimens if permitted to develop in the open. Useful as lawn specimens in the border, as a screen or windbreak, and is exceptionally fine for mass
planting. Each 2½ to 3 ft. \$4 50 5 to 6 ft. \$11 00 3 to 4 ft. 6 25 6 to 8 ft. 15 00 4 to 5 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 23 00
P. thunbergi. Japanese Black Pine. A beautiful Pine with
rich dark green needles and interesting outline. Good for
seashore planting. Each 2 to 3 ft. \$5 50 5 to 6 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 8 25 6 to 7 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 11 50 Each \$15 00 19 00

PSEUDOTSUGA. Douglas Fir. See Abies, page 26.

TAXUS (The Yew)

Without question, the Yew (Taxus) in its various forms is the outstanding evergreen for use on the home-grounds and in general landscaping, for its dark green, rich-textured foliage is always fresh-looking and attractive. It is extremely hardy, not affected by cold or heat, and will grow in shade as well as sun. A slow grower and lends itself well to shearing.

Taxus baccata bulki. Bulk's Yew. A dwarf, upright variety of Yew with numerous vertical stems. Compact grower; useful for hedges. Dark bluish green foliage.

at a	Each		Eac	h
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	\$7 00	4 to 5 ft	\$13	50
3 to 4 ft	10.00			

Each 2 to 2½ ft.....\$7 50 | 3 to 3½ ft......\$12 50 2½ to 3 ft........10 00 | 3½ to 4 ft...........16 00

of the finest because of its adaptability to shade or sunlight.

			Ea	ıch	_	-]	Eac	h
	15 to	18	in\$4	75	*31/2	to 4	ft	 \$1	16	00
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to	2	ft 6	00	*4	to 5	ft	 2	26	00
			ft 7		5	to 6	ft	 3	37	00
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to	3	ft 9	25	6	to 7	ft	 4	47	00
*	3^{2} to	31/9	ft12	50						

T. cuspidata. Spreading Japanese Yew. A compact, spreading variety with rich, dark green foliage and brilliant scarlet berries in the autumn. Perfectly hardy and valuable for many locations.

15	to	18	in\$4	00	5 to	6 ft	 \$37	00
11/	to	2	ft 5	50	6 to	7 ft	 47	00
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft 7	00	7 to	8 ft	 57	00
			ft 8					
			ft11					
			ft14					

* 4 to 5 ft.....24 00 For Hedges, see page 28.

T. cuspidata nana (brevifolia compacta). Dwarf Japanese Yew. An extremely hardy variety of irregular spreading habit. The branches are covered with black-green foliage. The choicest dwarf Yew.

			Ea	ach				Eac	ch
*12	to	15	in\$4	00	*4	to $4\frac{1}{2}$	ft	. \$25	00
			in 5				ft		
			ft 6		*5 -	to 6	ft	. 43	00
			ft 9		*6	to 7	ft	. 52	00
			ft12		*7	to 8	ft	. 62	00
			ft16		*8	to 9	ft	. 72	00
			ft 20						

* 3½ to 4 ft.....20 00 | **T. cuspidata capitata.** Upright Japanese Yew. This is the upright-growing or pyramidal form of the Japanese Yew, somewhat open in growth, with rich, dark green foliage. Particularly beautiful when covered with light green tip of new growth in the spring. A very choice evergreen.

Choice strain grown from selected cuttings, far superior to seedling plants

Each	Each
$*2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	* 7 to 8 ft., heavy\$43 00
*3 to 3½ ft	* 8 to 9 ft 50 00
$*3\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{4}$ ft	* 9 to 10 ft 59 00
*4 to 5 ft	*10 to 12 ft., specimen 70 00
*5 to 6 ft., heavy25 00	*12 to 14 ft., specimen 85 00
*6 to 7 ft., heavy35 00	, 1

YEW HEDGES. See page 28

T. cuspidata columnaris. Columnar Japanese Yew. choice columnar form of Upright Japanese Yew of distinct narrow-growing habit with the base only slightly wider than the top. Foliage is a rich, very dark green; retains its color all winter. Each *3 to 3½ ft... \$10 50 | *3½ to 4 ft... 13 50 | *4 to 5 ft... 18 00 | * 5 to 6 ft.....\$25 00 *10 to 12 ft......... 70 00

*12 to 14 ft...... 85 00

Taxus media (intermedia). An excellent type of Spreading Yew with dark green foliage that is heavier than Cuspidata foliage.
15 to 18 in
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft
T. media hatfieldi. Hatfield Yew. A compact-growing form of Yew that shapes up into a perfectly furnished coneshaped bush that offers many possibilities in the small garden. Each 15 to 18 in \$3 75 2½ to 3 ft \$8 50 1½ to 2 ft 5 50 3 to 3½ ft 11 00 2 to 2½ ft 6 75
T. media hicksi. Hicks' Yew. A narrow, upright form of Yew useful for formal accent or hedge planting.
Each 1½ to 2 ft. \$4 75 3½ to 4 ft. \$14 00 2 to 2½ ft. 6 00
T. vermeulen. Vermeulen Yew. Compact and dense with broad base; somewhat like an Upright Brevifolia. Abundance of red berries.
2 to 2½ ft\$7 25 2½ to 3 ft\$9 00
THUJA · The Arborvitæ
Thuja occidentalis. American Arborvitæ. The upright, flat-leaved evergreen so commonly used as single specimens and for hedges and windbreaks. Will stand severe shearing.
Each 2 to 3 ft. \$2 75 6 to 7 ft. \$9 50 3 to 4 ft. 4 00 7 to 8 ft. 11 50 4 to 5 ft. 5 50 8 to 9 ft. 13 50 5 to 6 ft. 7 50 9 to 10 ft. 17 00
T. occidentalis compacta. Parsons' Globe Arborvitæ. A dwarf ball-shaped form, with light green foliage; much used in foundation plantings.
Each 12 to 15 in. \$2 00 2 to 2½ ft. \$3 75 15 to 18 in. 2 50 2½ to 3 ft. 5 00 1½ to 2 ft. 3 00
T. occidentalis ellwangeriana, Rheingold. Golden Tom Thumb Arborvitæ. A dwarf form, with beautiful golden foliage. Exceptionally fine for rock-gardens or borders.
Each 1½ to 2 ft \$3 50 2½ to 3 ft \$5 50 2 to 2½ ft 4 50
T. occidentalis nigra. Dark American Arborvitae. An upright variety with rich dark green foliage.
Each 2½ to 3 ft \$4 00 4 to 5 ft \$6 75 3 to 4 ft 5 25
T. occidentalis rosenthali. Rosenthal Arborvitæ. A compact tree, erect, columnar in growth, and with dark green, glossy foliage. Fine as specimens or for formal plantings.
T. occidentalis sibirica. Siberian Arborvitæ. A hardy variety, forming a broad pyramid. Deep olive-green foliage; of slow growth. Useful in foundation plantings.
Prices of above two varieties: Each 1½ to 2 ft\$2 75 3½ to 4 ft\$6 50 2 to 2½ ft3 50 4 to 5 ft 7 75 2½ to 3 ft4 25 5 to 6 ft8 75 3 to 3½ ft5 25
T. occidentalis, Columbia. Columbia Arborvitæ. Pyramidal form, with silvery-tipped foliage. An excellent variety for
group plantings.

Thuya occidentalis lutea. George Peabody Arborvitæ. A well-known variety forming a broad pyramid, with golden yellow foliage that is strikingly contrasted against the grays and greens of other evergreens.

T. occidentalis plicata. Giant Arborvitæ. Pyramidal shape. Deep blue-green foliage with triangular whitish spots. As

its name implies, it attains considerable height.

T. standishi. Standish Arborvitæ. This is a loose, open type of Arborvitæ, with rich green foliage that is more feathery in appearance than any of the other Arborvitæs. It is often used in informal plantings.

used in informal plantings.

T. occidentalis pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitæ.

This is one of the very best of the Arborvitæs. It is distinctly columnar in growth, while its glossy, dark green foliage is equally attractive both winter and summer. A formal plant, and fine for accents.

Prices of preceding varieties: Each	Each
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$3 50	6 to 7 ft\$11 00
	7 to 8 ft
4 to 5 ft 6 50	8 to 9 ft
5 to 6 ft 8 50	

For Hedges, see page 28.

T. orientalis aurea nana. Berckman's Golden Arborvitæ. A very beautiful dwarf evergreen of round shape. Formal in habit, with golden yellow foliage. Slow growing.

			E	ach	F	lach
12	to	15	in\$1	75	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$	5 25
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft 3	50	6 to 8 ft., heavy spec 50	00
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft 4	50		

T. orientalis compacta. Chinese Compact Arborvitæ. Bright green in color and of dwarf, columnar shape. Desirable for very formal effects or for hedges.

E	ach	Еa	ch
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$3 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft			

TSUGA · The Hemlocks

Tsuga canadensis. American Hemlock. Most desirable evergreen tree, very graceful and adaptable for specimens or groups. A very delightful effect is obtained when grown as a hedge. Dull green leaves, on branches that are slender and drooping.

Each

Each

and droc	pung.	Each		Eac	ch
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2	ft	. \$3 50	5 to 6 ft	. \$14	00
2 to 2	½ ft	. 4 50	6 to 7 ft., heavy	. 18	00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	_ ft	. 5 75	7 to 8 ft., heavy	25	00
3 to 4	ft	. 7 50	8 to 9 ft., heavy	30	00
4 to 5	ft	. 10 25			

For Hedges, see page 28.

T. canadensis sargenti. Sargents' Weeping Hemlock. A most interesting evergreen. Develops into a large, mound-like shape with wavy outline

	U		
	Each		Each
4 to 5 ft	\$18 00	6 to 7 ft	 .\$30 00
5 to 6 ft	24 00		

Vines and Climbers

FOR quick results in covering the bare sides and softening the sharp angles of buildings, hiding unsightly fences, beautifying and shading porches, bowers, and summer-houses, vines and climbers are indispensable. The sweeping vines about a porch appeal to everyone.

Slight extra charge for balled and burlapped "B&B"

AMPELOPSIS (Ivy)

Ampelopsis tricuspidata veitchi. Boston Iv	y. Has b	rilliant
autumn coloring.	Each	10
Medium plants	. \$0 75	\$6 00
Strong plants	. 1 00	8 50

ARISTOLOCHIA

ARISTOLOCHIA
Aristolochia sipho. Dutchmanspipe. Very large, broad leaves. Pipe-shaped, purple flowers in July
Medium plants
BIGNONIA
Bignonia radicans. Trumpet Creeper. A splendid climbing vine with large brilliant orange-scarlet flowers in July and August. Each 10 Medium plants \$1 00 \$8 50 Heavy. 1 25
CLEMATIS
Clematis jackmani. Large, velvety purple flowers. Each Medium pot-grown plant
C., Mme. Edouard Andre. Large, deep crimson flowers.
Medium pot-grown plants \$1 50
C. paniculata. Sweet Autumn Clematis. White, very fragrant flowers. September. Each 10 Heavy plants. \$1 25 \$10 00
ENGLISH IVY
Hedera helix. English Ivy. Evergreen climbing vine. Ideal wall-cover. 10 100 Medium pot-grown plants
HONEYSUCKLE
Lonicera japonica halliana. Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle. Very fragrant white flowers in June. Rapid grower and very hardy. Each 10 Extra-strong plants
SILVER LACE VINE
Polygonum auberti. Silver Lace Vine. Vigorous vine reaching 25 feet, covered with masses of beautiful foamy white flowers all summer and fall. Medium plants
WISTERIA
Wisteria sinensis. Chinese Wisteria. Tall-growing; cluster of purple pea-shaped flowers in May. Grafted plants.
3-yr. grafts. \$2 00 9-yr. grafts, 6 to 9 ft. \$7 to 9 00 Extra-heavy. 8 to 15 00
Special Improved Varieties
These new lovely Oriental Wisterias are beautiful beyond words.
Wisteria floribunda, Kyushaku. Lavender, fragrant blooms of immense length.
W. floribunda, Naga Noda. Delicate purple blooms 3 to 4 feet long.
W. floribunda, Nodo murasaki. Lavender-purple. Strong-growing and free-flowering.
Prices of above three varieties: 9-yr. grafts, 6 to 9 ft. Extra-heavy. 8 to 15 00
B&B at slight extra cost. ROSES, CLIMBING. See Roses
,,

Bulk's Hardy Roses

ROSES—the mere name is an inspiration to garden lovers. Nothing can take the place of the Rose. Almost every home has room for at least a few. Roses will grow in any fertile soil, but are much improved in bloom, fragrance, and beauty by rich soil, liberal fertilizing, and good cultivation. Branches should be well cut back early each spring.

HYBRID TEA ROSES

Prices:	Ea	ach	10)
Strong, 2-yr., field-grown plants	. \$1	25	\$10	00
Strong, 2-yr., in pots	. 1	75		
Autumn. An attractive shade of burnt-orange				

Crimson Glory. Plant Patent No. 105. Large, well-formed flowers of intense deep vivid crimson shaded oxblood-red. \$1.50 each.

Charles K. Douglas. Bright red. Excellent variety.

Condesa de Sastago. Golden yellow, striped with red.

Etoile de Hollande. Bright red. One of the finest red roses.

Joanna Hill. Free flowering; good yellow.

McGredy's Scarlet. Brilliant scarlet, orange-yellow suffusion.

Mme. Butterfly. Light pink buds, tinted with gold. Vigorous growing.

Mme. Joseph Perraud. Nasturtium-orange with pink tinge; sweetly fragrant.

Mme. Jules Bouche. An excellent white.

Mrs. E. P. Thom. One of the best yellow Roses.

Mrs. Henry Bowles. Bright pink. Free flowering.

Mrs. W. C. Miller. Blush shaded salmon. An extra-good Rose.

President Herbert Hoover. Flaming scarlet and yellow.

Radiance. Carmine-pink. Vigorous.

Red Radiance. Bright deep red.

Souv. de Claudius Pernet. Pure unfading yellow. Free blooming.

Talisman. Apricot, shading to yellow.

POTTED ROSES FOR SUMMER PLANTING

Most of the Roses offered here are available in pots for summer planting. Potted Roses give an immediate effect, and it is fun to select the plants in bloom to assure getting the colors you like.

Spray Roses Regularly with

TRI-OGEN

The all-purpose spray

(See third cover)

MISCELLANEOUS ROSES

Rosa hugonis.	Hugonis	Rose.	Long,	gracefully	arching
branches filled	with glorio	us yello	w single	flowers.	Each
2 to 3 ft					
3 to 4 ft					1 50

CLIMBING AND RAMBLER ROSES

Mme. Gregoire Staechelin. Fragrant Climbing Rose from Barcelona, Spain. Color is iridescent pearl-pink.

New Dawn. Plant Patent No. 1. First plant patented under the U. S. Patent Laws. Everblooming Climbing Rose. Color is soft blush-pink, and the flowers are large and full. \$2 each.

Orange Everglow. Plant Patent No. 505. (New.) A worthy companion to New Dawn. Rich coppery yellow, suffused with red and buff. Blooms freely in June and repeats during summer and fall. \$2 each.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. Flashing, vivid scarlet.

Primrose. Large double flowers of soft primrose-yellow. Attractive holly-like foliage.

Silver Moon. Large, saucer-like, white blooms. Good foliage. Yellow Climber. Bright yellow.

FLORIBUNDA AND POLYANTHA ROSES

-Prices except where noted:	Ea	ıch	10
2-yr. field-grown plants	\$1	25	\$10 00
2-yr., in pots	1	75	

Large-flowered Types (Floribunda)

Else Poulsen. Large, single, rose-pink flowers.

Improved Lafayette. Large, double, glowing red flowers in great profusion all summer long.

Smiles. Plant Patent No. 331. Exquisite coral-pink buds opening to dainty, semi-double, salmon-pink flowers. \$1.50 each.

Small-flowered Types (Polyantha)

Gloria Mundi. Reddish orange flowers in clusters. Ideal. Dark scarlet in cluster masses.

TREE ROSES

Improved Lafayette. Masses of glowing red Roses all summer. \$3.50 each.

Triomphe Orleanais. Large, well-filled trusses of cherry-red Roses. \$3.50 each.

TRAILING ROSE

Wichuraiana (Memorial Rose). A trailing Rose with almost evergreen foliage. White, fragrant flowers. Valuable for binding banks.

Climbing Roses are easy to grow and can be used to provide a beautiful background for your garden. On posts, fences, walls, buildings or trellises they afford a glorious display of color.

Planted on steep slopes and pegged down they help to prevent soil erosion.

PERENNIALS

Prices for perennials (average varieties), except where otherwise noted, \$1.35 for 3, \$5 per doz., \$35 per 100. Large clumps, 50 cts. to 75 cts. each.

AQUILEGIA. Columbine. Assorted colors. 18 to 24 in. Spring and summer.

ASTER, Dwarf, Countess of Dudley. Pink, yellow eye. 9 in. Sept.

Victor. Lavender-blue. 9 in. Sept.

CHRYSANTHEMUM, Astrid. Soft pink and apricot.

Burgundy. Rich burgundy-red.

Irene. Pure white; small pompon.

Judith Anderson. Button type, yellow.

Mrs. Pierre S. du Pont III. Peach tinted bronze.

Nancy Copeland. Glowing red.

CUSHION CHRYSANTHEMUM (Azaleamum). Dwarf, compact and free blooming.

Pink Cushion. Bright pink. Red Cushion. Bright red.

September Gold. Bright yellow.

All Chrysanthemums, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10 Heavy field clumps, \$1.25 to \$1.50 each

CHRYSANTHEMUM maximum, Alaska. Shasta Daisy. Improved type of Shasta Daisy. White. 1 to 2 ft. June to Sept.

DELPHINIUM, Pacific Hybrids. Larkspur. One of the finest Delphinium strains. 75 cts. each, \$6.50 for 10.

IELYTRA spectabilis. Bleeding-heart. Drooping, shaped, rose flowers. 1 to 2 ft. 75 cts. each, \$7 for 10.

HEMEROCALLIS, Hyperion. Day-lily. (New.) Large, citron-yellow. 3½ ft. June, July. 75 cts. each, \$6.50 for 10.

IBISCUS. Marsh Mallow. Red, pink and white. 5 to 6 ft. Summer. 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10. HIBISCUS.

HOLLYHOCK. Assorted colors; single. 5 to 8 ft.

IRIS germanica. German Iris. 2 to 3 ft. June.

Marsh Marigold. Golden yellow.

Miranda. Violet-blue.

Pallida, Princess Beatrice. Blue-lavender.

IRIS kaempferi. Japanese Iris. Assorted. 2 to 3 ft. June.

IRIS sibirica. Siberian Iris. Blue, yellow, or white. 2 to 3 ft. May, June.

LINUM perenne. Pale blue flowers in profusion. May to Aug.

PAEONIA. Peony. One of the most satisfactory of perennials. June.

Edulis Superba. Pink.

Festiva Maxima. Pure white, slightly carmine tinged.

Karl Rosenfield. One of the finest double red Peonies.

Mme. de Verneville. White, crimson markings.

All Peonies, medium size plants, \$1 to \$1.50 each, \$8.50 to \$12.50 for 10. Large size, \$2 each

PHLOX, Daily Sketch. Salmon-pink. Large florets.

Leo Schlageter. Scarlet-carmine. Choice variety.

Mary Louise. Large, pure white.

All Phlox, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10

PLATYCODON grandiflorum. Violet-blue.

PLUMBAGO larpentiae. Leadwort. Low-growing plant with bright blue flowers all summer. Excellent ground-cover. 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10.

STOKESIA. Cornflower Aster. Lavender-blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.

Fruits

In the extremities of the lawn or upon the adjoining lot, plant fruit trees. They will bountifully reward you in the fruit they yield, which you will enjoy eating right from the trees or in winter as preserves and jam. The fruit-garden can easily be made a part of the scheme for beautifying your property. Flowers along the walk to the orchard will brighten the way and provide blooms for cutting.

APPLES

EARLY VARIETIES

Red Astrachan. Red. July, August. Yellow Transparent. Yellow. July, August.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Gravenstein. Large; striped red. Good quality. **McIntosh.** Red. November to February.

Baldwin. Red. January to April.

WINTER VARIETIES

Cortland. Red. Resembles McIntosh; ripens later.
Delicious. Yellow and red. November to January.
Golden Delicious. Glossy yellow. Excellent dessert Apple.
Good for eating, cooking, and canning.
Red Delicious. Excellent new variety. Solid fruit of rich red color.
Rhode Island Greening. Greenish yellow. December to
April.
Hyslop Crab. Large; dark crimson.
Prices of all Apples: Each
2-yr\$2 00
3-yr
4-yr
5 and 6-yr
8 to 10 ft., 6 to 8-yr
Larger trees\$15.00 and up
ESPALIER APPLE TREES. Especially trained to grow against walls, fences, and trellises.
Single-stem type
Equal and table 12.00
Four arm type
PEARS
PEARS Bartlett. Early.
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early.
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early. Kieffer. Late.
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early. Kieffer. Late. 2-yr
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early. Kieffer. Late. Each 2-yr. \$3 00 3-yr. 4 50
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early. Kieffer. Late. 2-yr
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early. Kieffer. Late. 2-yr
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early. Kieffer. Late. 2-yr
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early. Kieffer. Late. 2-yr. 3-yr. 50 DWARF PEARS. Excellent trees where space is limited. Improved type. Bartlett and Gellert. 3-yr. 55 00
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early. Kieffer. Late. 2-yr. 3-yr. Each 2 50 DWARF PEARS. Excellent trees where space is limited. Improved type. Bartlett and Gellert. 3-yr. 4 50 5 00 4-yr. 5 00 7 00
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early. Kieffer. Late. 2-yr. 3-yr. 50 DWARF PEARS. Excellent trees where space is limited. Improved type. Bartlett and Gellert. 3-yr. 55 00
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early. Kieffer. Late. 2-yr. 3-yr. DWARF PEARS. Excellent trees where space is limited. Improved type. Bartlett and Gellert. 3-yr. 450 ESPALIER PEAR TREES
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early. Kieffer. Late. 2-yr. 3-yr. DWARF PEARS. Excellent trees where space is limited. Improved type. Bartlett and Gellert. 3-yr. 4-yr. 55 00 4-yr. 55 00 ESPALIER PEAR TREES Four arm type. 12 00
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early. Kieffer. Late. 2-yr. 3-yr. 53 00 3-yr. 4 50 DWARF PEARS. Excellent trees where space is limited. Improved type. Bartlett and Gellert. 3-yr. 55 00 4-yr. 7 00 ESPALIER PEAR TREES Four arm type. 12 00 PEACHES Elberta. Late; yellow. Very popular freestone.
PEARS Bartlett. Early. Clapp's Favorite. Early. Kieffer. Late. 2-yr

CHERRIES

Black Tartarian. Sweet. Early Richmond. Sour.

PLUMS

Abundance. Red.	Fruit very juicy; ripens early.	
Burbank. Cherry-	red.	Each
2-yr		\$3 00

RHUBARB

Linnæus. 45 cts. each, \$4 for 10.

QUINCES

Orange.															ach	
3 and 4-yr.	 	 		 				 		 				. \$3	50)
4 and 5-yr																

CURRANTS

Red and White. Strong plants, 60 cts. each, \$4.75 for 10.

GRAPES

Catawba. Fine red Grape.

Concord. Blue; early; fine flavor. Most popular standard Grape grown today.

 Niagara.
 The best standard white.
 Each
 10

 Strong, 2-yr.
 \$0 60
 \$5 00

 Strong, 3-yr.
 85
 7 50

 Golden Muscat.
 Large golden Grape.
 1 50
 12 50

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Mary Washington. 2-yr. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

GOOSEBERRIES

Downing. Green. Strong plants, 75 cts. each, \$6.50 for 10.

HANSEN BUSH CHERRY

Hardy and productive. Bears fruit resembling plums. 3 to 4-yr. \$1.50 each.

RASPBERRIES

St. Regis. Everbearing. Require very little attention and supply plenty of delicious berries. 30 cts. each, \$2 for 10.

BLACKBERRIES

Eldorado. One of the best early to midseason sorts. 30 cts. each, \$2 for 10.

HYBRID BLUEBERRIES

Cabot, Jersey and Rancocas. 3-yr. \$2 each, \$17.50 for 10.

BOYSENBERRY

The sensational new berry with huge fruits, like black-berries in appearance. Should be trained to stakes or along wires. Heavy, 35 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS

Dorsett, Fairfax, and Gem. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Nuts

Set out a few Nut Trees. They make splendid ornamental trees and yield a bountiful harvest of nuts. We are offering only improved varieties, best suited to Long Island conditions. Grafted trees.

HEARTNUT. A hybrid from Japanese Walnut. Rapid, luxuriant growth; early and prolific bearing.

	Each .		Eac	ch-
8 to 10 ft	\$8 50	10 to 12 ft	\$12	00

AMERICAN BLACK WALNUT, Thomas. A strong, fast-growing tree. Nuts are large and husk easily.

Each		Each
6 to 8 ft\$6 50	8 to 10 ft	\$9 00
10 to 12 ft		.12 00

Lawn Seed, Fertilizers, Insecticides and Sundries

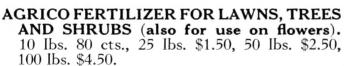
ALL PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

*LAWN SEED

- BULK'S CHOICE LAWN SEFD. Choice mixture made up of high-quality grasses. This mixture has been especially prepared for Long Island soil and weather conditions. 5 lbs. \$4.25, 10 lbs. \$8, 100 lbs. \$75.
- FAITH QUALITY SHADY LAWN SEED. A very high-grade shade mixture containing Chewing's Fescue, Rough Blue Grass (*Poa trivialis*) and other selected grasses. Lb. 85 cts., 5 lbs. \$4.
- FAME QUALITY LAWN SEED. A good general-purpose mixture containing Chewing's Fescue, Kentucky Blue Grass and other good grasses. Lb. 70 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.35, 5 lbs. \$3.25, 50 lbs. \$30.

FERTILIZERS

AGRICO VICTORY GARDEN FERTILIZER. (For Food Production Only.) 10 lbs. 80 cts., 25 lbs. \$1.50, 50 lbs. \$2.25, 100 lbs. \$4.





- AGRICO FOR BROADLEAF EVERGREENS. Especially prepared for Rhododendrons, Azaleas, Laurels and other acid-loving plants. 10 lbs. \$1, 25 lbs. \$2.
- **BONEMEAL.** 5 lbs. 55 cts., 10 lbs. 90 cts., 25 lbs. \$2.10.
- PLANTSPUR SHEEP MANURE. 10 lbs. 80 cts., 25 lbs. \$1.60.
- COW MANURE. 5 lbs. 45 cts., 10 lbs. 70 cts.
- MILORGANITE. A specially prepared, activated sewage sludge entirely organic and absolutely safe to apply on lawns, flower beds, trees, etc. 50-lb. bag \$2.50, 100-lb. bag \$4.
- ROSE FOOD. An excellent all-round fertilizer for roses. 5 lbs. 50 cts., 10 lbs. 90 cts.



DRICONURE. A preparation of dried cattle and poultry manure. 7½ lbs 55 cts., 50 lbs. \$2.00.

LIME (Hydrated). 10 lbs. 35 cts., 50 lbs. 75 cts.

*INSECTICIDES

ARSENATE OF LEAD. Lb. 40 cts., 3-lb. bag \$1.10, 24 lbs. \$5.50.

BLACK-LEAF 40. Highly recommended as a spray for sucking insects. 1-oz. bottle 40 cts.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE. Preventive for fungous trouble. Lb. 40 cts.

BUG BLASTER. Sherwin Williams' new combination garden duster and complete garden dust. \$1.98. Refill, \$1.29.

DUSTING SULPHUR. Effective against red spider and other insects. 2-lb. box 45 cts.

FRUIT SPRAY. A complete and effective spray for fruit trees; to be used for all sprays after the dormant spray. Lb. \$1.50.

FUMEOGEN. Proved and effective animal repellent. A little spread in the soil around shrubs and plants will protect from cats and dogs. 8-oz. canister 50 cts.

LOMA DUST. A very efficient and safe dusting mixture containing Rotenone. For control of fungus and insect troubles on flowers and vegetables. 12-oz. can 55 cts.

MAGIKILL JELLY. Excellent preparation for ants. Tube 40 cts.

MOLOGEN. For elimination of moles. ½lb. 50 cts.

NURSERY AND GARDEN VOLCK. Controls scale, mealy bugs, white flies, red spider, rust mites, aphids, and thrips. Pt. 50 cts.

PROTEXALL. The complete garden dust. Effective against chewing and sucking insects and fungus. Lb. 75 cts.

TRI-OGEN

The all-purpose spray

TRI-OGEN. A garden spray that affords protection against almost all garden insects and fungous disorders. Small Kit \$1.50.

*SUNDRIES

PEAT MOSS. Handy bale \$3.75, large bale \$4.95.

HAMMOND'S TREE WOUND PAINT. Jar 55 ets.

IRREGULAR FLAGSTONE for WALKS. In colors. 30 cts. per sq. ft., \$25 per 100 sq. ft.

STRATIFIED ROCK for ROCK-GARDENS. 1000 lbs. \$25, ton \$45.

SOIL-SOAKER. The modern way to water. No. 1 (18-ft. length) \$2.20; No. 2 (30-ft. length) \$3.40.

Weed-No-More (2.4-D). An effective and inexpensive treatment for lawns. 8 ozs. \$1, qt. \$2.98.

Spraying of Fruit Trees

For best results we recommend three sprayings: First, during the winter; second, after the blossoms fall; and third, about two weeks later. This will control the most prevalent insects and fungous diseases attacking fruit trees on Long Island.



THERE is always something of interest to be seen at Bulk's Nurseries, from the time of the early Spring-Flowering Shrubs through the blooming times of Azaleas, Rhododendrons, Dogwoods, Crabs, Japanese Cherries, Roses, and on through the rich foliage colors of autumn.

• We welcome visitors at all times and will be happy to have you come and look around.